पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपत्रिकेच्या अंतिम पृष्ठावर पहा
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
1. Which of the following is favourable effect of Co-operative movement?
   (a) Emergence of rural leadership
   (b) Collection of savings
   (c) Rural industrialization
   Choose correct options:
   (1) only (a) and (b)
   (2) only (b) and (c)
   (3) (a), (b) and (c)
   (4) only (a) and (c)

2. Pandit Nehru’s vision of the New India was described as:
   (1) Principle of capitalism
   (2) Principle of socialism
   (3) Principle of military rule
   (4) Principle of democratic socialism

3. To reduce the interference of government and political factors in co-operative sector the central Government suggested to implement 97th constitutional amendment from:
   (1) 2 October 2011
   (2) 15 February 2012
   (3) 26 January 2013
   (4) 14 April 2014
4. Consider the following statements regarding Co-operative movement in Maharashtra.

(a) The Co-operative Movement in Maharashtra started in 1910 with the establishment of primary agricultural credit societies.

(b) The First Sugar Co-operative, Pravara was established in 1960 in Ahmednagar district.

(c) Mahananda Dairy was established in 1989.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (a) and (c) (4) Only (a)

5. Which of the following National level co-operative apex institution works for agricultural marketing?

(1) National Co-operative Development Corporation (NCDC).

(2) Co-operative Marketing Agency.

(3) National Agricultural Co-operative Marketing Federation (NAFED).

(4) Dairy Development Board (DDB).

Which of the following National level co-operative apex institution works for agricultural marketing?

(1) National Co-operative Development Corporation (NCDC).

(2) Co-operative Marketing Agency.

(3) National Agricultural Co-operative Marketing Federation (NAFED).

(4) Dairy Development Board (DDB).

6. The structural adjustment programme adopted by the Government consists of the following measures.

(a) Trade and capital flows reforms (b) Control of inflation

(c) Financial sector reforms (d) Improving the balance of payment position

Which of the measure/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (c) (2) (b) and (d) (3) (a) and (b) (4) (b) and (c)
Quality of employment in the economy can be assessed by which of the following factors?

(a) Wages received by the workers.
(b) Share of workers in organised and unorganised sector.
(c) Distribution of work opportunities among primary, secondary and tertiary sector.
(d) Productivity of workers based on their level of skill and education.

Answer options:

(1) (a), (b) and (c) factors
(2) (a), (c) and (d) factors
(3) All above factors
(4) (b), (c) and (d) factors

Which of the following is 100% centrally sponsored scheme for rural electrification, since 2015?

(1) Integrated Rural Development Programme
(2) Ujjwal Discom Assurance Scheme
(3) Din Dayal Upadhyay Gram Jyoti Yojana
(4) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana
9. In the context of New Trade Policy of India which of the following statement/s is/are correct?

(a) The period after 1991 has been marked by substantial liberalisation of trade policy.

(b) In line with India’s Commitment to WTO, quantitative restrictions on all import items have been withdrawn.

Answer options:

(1) (a) only
(2) (b) only
(3) Both
(4) None of the above

10. Which of the following group of states in India has inland water transport?

(1) Assam, West Bengal, Bihar
(2) Kerala, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu
(3) Andhra Pradesh, Orissa, Gujarat
(4) Gujarat, Rajasthan, Maharashtra

11. ‘Co-operation among Co-operatives’ this principle of co-operation is known as

(1) Principle of Thrift
(2) Principle of Members’ Economic Participation
(3) .Principle of Growth
(4) All of the above

कथ्या कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
12. खालील विधाने विचारात व्या।

(a) राष्ट्रीय लघुउद्योग महामंडळाची स्थापना 1955 मध्ये झाली.

(b) या महामंडळाचा मुख्य उद्देश्य लघुउद्योगांच्या संपूर्णतेचा हा आहे.

(c) जिल्हा उद्योग केंद्र कार्यक्रमाची सुरूवात देसबाचे पुरविणे हा आहे.

वरीलप्रकृती कोणते/ती विधान/ने बरोबर आहे/त?  

(1) (a) व (b) (2) (a), (b) व (c) (3) (b) व (c) (4) (a) व (c)  

Consider the following statements.

(a) National Small Industries Corporation was setup in 1955.

(b) The main objective was to provide machinery to small scale units.

(c) The programme of District Industries centre was introduced in May 1979.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) (a), (b) and (c) (3) (b) and (c) (4) (a) and (c)  

13. महाराष्ट्रा वस्त्रोद्योग आणि अन्यप्रकृत उद्योग समूहगतन (cluster) कोणत्या महाराष्ट्र ओद्योगिक विकास महामंडळ (MIDC) विभागात केंद्रीत आहेत?

(1) मुंबई आणि ठाणे (2) मुंबई आणि नाशिक 

(3) सोलापूर आणि नागपूर (4) पुणे आणि अहमदनगर

Textile and Food processing industry cluster is concentrated in which of the following MIDC clusters of Maharashtra?

(1) Mumbai and Thane (2) Mumbai and Nashik 

(3) Solapur and Nagpur (4) Pune and Ahmednagar
14. Which are the parameters of globalization?

(a) Reduction of trade barriers to permit free flow of goods and services among nation-states.

(b) Creation of environment in which free flow of capital can take place among nation-states.

(c) Creation of environment permitting free flow of technology.

(d) Creation of environment in which free movement of labour can take place in different countries of the world.

Answer options:

(1) Only (a)  
(2) Only (a) and (b)  
(3) (a), (b), (c) and (d)  
(4) Only (a), (b), (c)
15. जोड़ना लाभ:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>सबसे छोटी ज</th>
<th>शेतक्षेत्रांक परिणाम</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) अंग्रेज़ी बॉक्स सबसे छोटी ज</td>
<td>(i) शेतक्षीय आर्थिक प्रत्यय लाभ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) वेस्ट बॉक्स सबसे छोटी ज</td>
<td>(ii) संपूर्ण निर्धारित</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) स्कूल बॉक्स सबसे छोटी ज</td>
<td>(iii) निर्धारित नाही</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) रेड बॉक्स सबसे छोटी ज</td>
<td>(iv) व्यापारांक अन्य परिणाम</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a) (b) (c) (d)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Match the following:

Subsidies
(a) Amber box subsidies
(b) Red box subsidies
(c) Blue box subsidies
(d) Green box subsidies

Effects on farmers
(i) Direct payments to the farmers
(ii) Banned outright
(iii) Not banned
(iv) Minimal impact on trade

Answer options:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a) (b) (c) (d)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. सार्वजनिक क्षेत्रसाठी 2017 मध्ये कोणते उद्योग राष्ट्रीय होते?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>पर्यायी उत्तरे</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) फक्त (a) आणि (b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) फक्त (c) आणि (d)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) फक्त (a) आणि (c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) फक्त (b) आणि (d)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In 2017 which were the industries reserved for Public Sector?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>उत्तरे</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Arms and Ammunition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Atomic Energy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Mineral Oils</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Railway Operations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options:

| (1) Only (a) and (b) |
| (2) Only (c) and (d) |
| (3) Only (a) and (c) |
| (4) Only (b) and (d) |

कङ्कया कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
17. Which employment scheme/programme in India gave recognition to the ‘Right to work’ enshrined in the constitution, first?

(1) National Rural Employment Programme (NREP)

(2) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)

(3) Employment Guarantee Scheme of Maharashtra (EGS)

(4) Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY)

18. ‘मात्री’ काय आहे?

(1) उद्योगभांवांच्या महाराष्ट्र सरकारची नवनिर्माण सरकारचे नवनिर्माण तंत्रज्ञान पुरवर्चन योजना.

(2) उद्योगभांवांच्या महाराष्ट्र सरकारचा कार्य.

(3) महाराष्ट्र सरकारच्या उद्योग, व्यापार, तर सुतंबरी पूर्वोत्ती चालवणा डेढचा कक्ष.

(4) उद्योगभांवांची संगणक सॉफ्टवेयर.

What is MAITRI?

(1) Govt. of Maharashtra’s Innovation Technology Restructuring scheme regarding industries.

(2) Govt. of Maharashtra’s contract regarding industries.

(3) Govt. of Maharashtra’s Industry, Trade and Investment Facilitation Cell.

(4) Computer Software for industries.

19. खालीलप्रमाणे कोणत्या क्षेत्रात बाजारपेक्षा अवश्यकी ठरून सरकारी हस्तक्षेप महत्वाचा ठरला आहे?

(a) महत्वस व वस्तुची फिक्षण.

(b) आर्थिकपैकी मागास व गटकाळने सार्वजनिक वस्तुची उपलब्धी.

(c) संरचना, रेल्वे, रस्ते यांसारख्या पायापूर्व सुविधा.

(d) अपूर्ण स्वाभाविक बाजारपेक्षा.

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

(1) (a) आणि (b) 
(2) (b) आणि (c)
(3) वरीलप्रमाणे कोणताच नाही 
(4) वरील सर्व

In which of the areas markets fail and Govt. intervention becomes important?

(a) Monopoly and goods prices.

(b) Provision of public goods for economically backward.

(c) Infrastructural facilities like irrigation, roads and railways etc.

(d) Imperfect market competition.

Answer options:

(1) (a) and (b) 
(2) (b) and (c)
(3) None of the above 
(4) All of the above
20. An important objective of (MEDA) Maharashtra Energy Development Agency is reflected in which of the following?
(1) Propagation and promotion of renewable energy
(2) Installation of thermal power centers
(3) Improvement in urban power supply
(4) All of the above

21. Which of the following clauses are a part of WTO agreement?
(a) Trade and environmental issues. (b) Trade and intellectual property rights.
(c) Trade and tariffs. (d) Trade and infrastructural facilities.
Choose correct options:
(1) (a), (b) and (c) (2) (a), (b) and (d) (3) (b), (c) and (d) (4) All above

22. Privatisation implies following things:
(a) Transfer of control of ownership from the private sector to the public sector.
(b) Transfer of control of ownership from public sector to private sector.
(c) Providing more autonomy to the public sector.
Which of the above statement/s is/are correct?
(1) Only (a) (2) Only (b)
(3) (b) and (c) only (4) (a) and (c) only
23. Which of the following was launched in April 2015 to fund and promote micro-finance institutions, which would in turn provide loans to small industrial sector?

(1) MFI  (2) MUDRA  (3) NMPC  (4) SIDBI

24. According to census 2011, which of the states crossed the limit of population of 10 (Ten) crores?

(1) Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan
(2) Maharashtra, Karnataka and Kerala
(3) Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and Maharashtra
(4) Bihar, Tamil Nadu and Uttar Pradesh

25. Which of the following companies is not an Indian Multinational Company?

(1) Asian paints  (2) Bharat Forge  (3) Essel Propack  (4) Philips

26. Consider the following statements regarding Indian Telecommunication Sector.

(a) Government of India started new Telecom Policy in 1999.
(b) BSNL and MTNL have launched 'The India Plan' from March 2006.
(c) BSNL was set up in Oct. 2001.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) Only (c)  (4) Only (a)
27. Consider the following statements with reference to economic reforms in India.

(a) Liberalisation shows the direction of reform in India.
(b) Privatisation shows the path of reforms in India.
(c) Globalisation shows the ultimate goal of the reforms in India.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) All of the above

28. Which of the following is the most important objective of Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana?

(1) To provide central funds to construct roads in rural areas.
(2) To connect rural roads to national highways.
(3) To provide all weather road connectivity to unconnected rural areas with a population of 500 and above.
(4) To provide all weather road connectivity to unconnected rural areas with a tribal population of 100 and above.
29. Which is/are an important function/s of International Monetary Fund (IMF)?

(a) To increase global monetary cooperation
(b) To create global financial stability
(c) To develop infrastructural facilities
(d) To facilitate global trade

Choose correct option:

(1) (a), (b) and (c) (2) (a), (b) and (d) (3) (b), (c) and (d) (4) (c), (d) and (a)

30. Which of the following facilities is not applicable for SEZ?

(a) Exemption from goods and service tax to industrial units.
(b) 100% exemption for industrial units on export income for first five years.
(c) Duty free import of goods for development of industrial unit.
(d) 100% exemption for advertising, marketing and transportation of goods.

Answer options:

(1) Only (b) and (c) (2) Only (c) (3) Only (d) (4) Only (a) and (b)
31. Which year did the Maharashtra government announce the Bio-technology Policy?

(1) 1999 (2) 2002 (3) 2001 (4) 2003

32. Which of the following statements regarding deficit in budget is not true?

(1) Revenue deficit is a difference between revenue expenditure and current revenue of the government.
(2) Primary deficit is fiscal deficit minus interest payment.
(3) Fiscal deficit is a difference between total government expenditure and total government revenue including grants.
(4) Primary deficit reflects total resource gap for the government.

33. Which of the following statements is/are incorrect?

(a) Estate Duty was first introduced in India in 1953.
(b) An Annual tax on wealth was first introduced in May 1957.
(c) Wealth tax has been a major source of revenue.
(d) A Gift tax was first introduced in 1958.

Consider the following statements:

(a) Estate Duty was first introduced in India in 1953.
(b) An Annual tax on wealth was first introduced in May 1957.
(c) Wealth tax has been a major source of revenue.
(d) A Gift tax was first introduced in 1958.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (d) (2) (b) and (c) (3) Only (c) (4) Only (d)
34. The Planning Commission submission about the Poverty Measures to the Supreme Court, 2011 is as below:

(a) Anyone with daily expense below ₹ 32 in urban areas, below ₹ 26 in rural areas.
(b) Anyone with daily expense below ₹ 20 in urban areas, below ₹ 12 in rural areas.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) Only (a) (3) Only (b) (4) None of these

35. Consider the following two statements:

Statement (I) : Business services including IT sector has been the fastest growing sector.
Statement (II) : Share of service sector in Indian total employment is very high.

Select the correct option.

(1) Statement (II) is correct and (I) is incorrect.
(2) Statement (I) is correct and (II) is incorrect.
(3) Both Statements are incorrect.
(4) Both Statements are correct.
Consider the following statements in the context of Keynesian theory of income and employment:

Statement (I): In case of recession, fiscal policy proves to be more effective than monetary policy.

Statement (II): To raise level of employment, it is desirable to reduce taxes.

Select the correct option from below.

(1) Statement (I) is correct and Statement (II) is not correct.
(2) Statement (II) is correct and Statement (I) is not correct.
(3) Both Statements are not correct.
(4) Both Statements are correct.

How much taxes of central and states government have been reduced due to the implementation of the goods and service tax in India since 1st July, 2017?

(1) Central - 6 and States - 11 Taxes (2) Central - 7 and States - 9 Taxes
(3) Central - 8 and States - 9 Taxes (4) Central - 9 and States - 8 Taxes
38. जोड़ा ज्ञान :  

कर  

(a) मालमता कर  
(b) संपत्ति कर  
(c) मूल्यानुसार कर (मूल्यवर्धित कर)  
(d) सेवा कर  

वैश्विद्य :  

(i) 1985 मध्ये रट झाला  
(ii) काल्दर ने सुरु केला  
(iii) पूर्व. के. झा समिती  
(iv) 1994-95 मध्ये सुरु केला  

पद्धती उत्तर :  

(a) (b) (c) (d)  

1. (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)  
2. (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)  
3. (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)  
4. (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)  

Match the following :  

Tax  

(a) Estate Duty  
(b) Wealth Tax  
(c) Ad valorem Tax  
(d) Service Tax  

Characteristic  

(i) Abolished from 1985  
(ii) Introduced by Kaldor  
(iii) L.K. Jha Committee  
(iv) Introduced in 1994-95  

Answer options :  

(a) (b) (c) (d)  

1. (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)  
2. (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)  
3. (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)  
4. (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)  

39. सरकारचे सार्वजनिक कर्जफे ड निधीची स्थापना करण्यामध्ये काय उद्देश्य आहेत?  

1. अर्थव्यवस्थेचं संकटतत्त्व वाचविणे  
2. मुद्दे व व्याख्याने हवेच समयी भरता यावे  
3. वरील (1) व (2) दोन्ही नाही  
4. वरील (1) आणि (2)  

What are the objectives of establishing government public debt fund?  

1. Save the economy from crisis  
2. Principle and interest installments should be paid in time  
3. Neither (1) or (2)  
4. Above (1) and (2)
40. Consider the following functions of money:

(a) Medium of Exchange  (b) Measure of Value
(c) Store of Goods and Services  (d) Standard of Deferred Payment

Which of the function/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (c) and (d)  (3) Only (d)  (4) Only (c)

41. Match the following:

A         B
(Agriculture University)  (Research Areas)
(a) Mahatma Phule Krishi Vidyapeeth  (i) Horticulture Crops
(b) Punjabrao Deshmukh Krishi Vidyapeeth  (ii) Pulses and Oilseeds
(c) Kokan Krishi Vidyapeeth  (iii) Sugarcane and Jawar

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c)
(1) (iii) (ii) (i)
(2) (i) (ii) (iii)
(3) (ii) (iii) (i)
(4) (iii) (i) (ii)
42. As of March 2016, which of the following regions of Maharashtra has the highest number of co-operative societies?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aurangabad Region</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nagpur Region</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pune Region</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Konkan Region</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

43. How many calories is needed to be included in poverty line?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calories from Diet</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Only 2300</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 2500</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than 2400</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Only 2600</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

44. When did Disinvestment Commission was established under the Chairmanship of C. Rangarajan by government of India?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1990</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1991</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1992</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1993</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

45. Following statements related to deficit financing:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>It is best used during inflation to stimulate effective demand.</td>
<td>(a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>It implies the transfer of money from public or banks to Central Bank of a country.</td>
<td>(b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>It is a measure of fiscal policy to meet deficit on the current account of country’s budget.</td>
<td>(c)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>It is used to fight depression but it cannot be used effectively to finance economic development.</td>
<td>(d)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Which of the above statements are true?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Code</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All of the above</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None of the above</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) and (d)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) and (c)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
46. In the context of economic reforms in industrial sector of India, which of the following can not be attributed to 'New Industrial Policy-1991'? 

(a) Role of public sector diluted. 
(b) MRTP Act was abolished. 
(c) SEZ’s were encouraged. 
(d) SIDBI was set up for small scale industries.

Answer options: 
(1) (a) and (c) (2) (b) and (d) (3) (a) and (b) (4) (c) and (d)

47. Which of the following statement is true in case of credit control measures of the RBI? 

(1) Repo rate is the rate at which the RBI lends to the commercial banks. 
(2) Reverse Repo rate is the rate at which RBI lends to the commercial banks. 
(3) Repo rate is the measure of absorbing liquidity. 
(4) Reverse Repo rate is the measure of injecting liquidity.

Which of the following statement is true in case of credit control measures of the RBI?
48. Name the economist who mentioned division of public goods in “Public Goods and Merit Goods”?
(1) John Dalton  (2) Findly Shiras
(3) Misses Ursula Hicks  (4) Prof. MasGrav

49. Currency issued by the RBI is called as ‘High Power Money’ because of which of the following reasons?
(1) It is backed by supporting reserves.
(2) Its value is guaranteed by the government.
(3) It is the liability of RBI and the government.
(4) All of the above

50. Which of the following is not included in the three-dimensional perspective adopted by the Indian Government for the eradication of poverty?
(1) Provision of minimum basic facilities  (2) Poverty eradication program
(3) Growth Oriented Approach  (4) Approaches of poor subsidies
51. Which one of the following statements is not correct?

(a) A major part of unemployment in the developed countries is of cyclical nature.
(b) A major cause of unemployment in developing countries is deficiency of capital stock.

Answer options:
(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)  (3) Both (a) and (b)  (4) Neither (a) nor (b)

52. Which of the following statements are true for the usual status unemployment concept developed by NSSO?

(a) It indicates chronic unemployment.  (b) It is a yearly concept.
(c) It is a person rate.  (d) It is a time rate.

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (a), (b) and (c)  (3) (b), (c) and (d)  (4) (a), (b) and (d)

53. Who stated ‘The Law of Increases in state activities’?

(1) Dr. Dalton  (2) Ursula Hicks  (3) Wagnor  (4) Dimarko

Who stated ‘The Law of Increases in state activities’?
As far as the contribution of service sector to Maharashtra’s Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is concerned, which of the following sector is contributing highest (in 2016-17)?

(1) Railways
(2) Financial services
(3) Real estates, ownership of dwellings and professional services
(4) Public Administration and Defence

Consider the following statements:

(a) The Kishori Shakti Yojana aims at improving the nutritional and health status of women and their self development.
(b) The Rashtriya Mahila Kosh provides large credits.
(c) Swavalamban Scheme provides training and skills to women in traditional and non-traditional trades.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)
(2) (b) and (c)
(3) (a) and (c)
(4) All of the above
56. As per the recent statistics, which of the following had the highest geographical area under cultivation during Kharip Season (2016-17) in Maharashtra?

(1) Cereals
(2) Pulses
(3) Oilseeds
(4) Fruits

57. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

(a) Since 2014 only two industrial sectors are reserved for public sector.
(b) Presently no item is reserved for exclusive manufacturing by Micro and Small Enterprises Sector.
(c) Since 2014 private investment in rail infrastructure has been permitted.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)
(2) (b) and (c)
(3) (a) and (c)
(4) All of the above

58. Adam Smith has stated __________ principle of taxation.

(1) Canon of Productivity
(2) Canon of Elasticity
(3) Canon of Diversity
(4) Canon of Equality
59. Adolph Wagner’s name is associated with which of the following factor?

(1) Balanced Budget  (2) Deficit Financing
(3) Canons of Taxation  (4) Increasing Public Expenditure

Adolph Wagner’s name is associated with which of the following factor?

60. पवारी उत्तरे:

परिमाण

दारिद्र्य परिमाण

(1) एम.पी.आय.
(2) एच.पी.आय.
(3) सुरेश तेंडुल्कर यांचे
(4) प्रणब बर्धन यांचे

पवारी उत्तरे:

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
(2) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
(3) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(4) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)

Match the following:

**Poverty Measure**

(a) MPI
(b) HPI
(c) By Suresh Tendulkar
(d) By Pranab Bardhan

**Feature**

(i) Longevity, Knowledge, decent standard of living
(ii) Inclusion of private expenditure on education and health
(iii) Universal Basic Income
(iv) Use of 10 indicators

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
(2) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
(3) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(4) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
61. Savitribai Phule Kanya Kalyan Yojana was revised in 2007. Which of the following was its main objective?
(1) To promote female literacy.
(2) To promote women entrepreneurship.
(3) To promote women employment.
(4) To promote couples to accept sterilisation only on one or two daughters.

62. Which state has started ‘Antyodaya Programme’ in India in 1977-78?
(1) Maharashtra
(2) Gujarat
(3) Tamil Nadu
(4) Rajasthan

63. Money Multiplier means ________.
(1) Relation between demand of money and supply of money
(2) Relation between market price and quantity of money
(3) Ratio between supply of money and stock of base money
(4) Ratio between capacity of economy and quantity of money

64. Which of the following fiscal measures will be effective for controlling the inflationary condition?
(1) Increase in government expenditure
(2) Increase in public debt
(3) Increase in the tax rate
(4) Increase in cash reserve ratio
65. Which of the following statements are correct?
(a) Tax means only for source of income.
(b) Tax is mandatory payment.

*Answer options*:
(1) (a) is correct.
(2) (b) is correct.
(3) (a) and (b) are correct.
(4) None of the above are correct.

66. The Domestic Capital is inadequate for the economic development of India, the need for foreign capital does not have to achieve any of the following goals:
(1) Supplies of Savings
(2) Foreign Exchange
(3) Government Revenue
(4) Disinvestment

67. By which ways agricultural sector provides funds for capital formation?
(a) Agriculture Taxation
(b) Export of Agricultural Products

*Answer options*:
(1) Only (a)
(2) Only (b)
(3) Both (a) and (b)
(4) Neither (a) or (b)
68. For revival of agriculture National Commission on Farmers suggested following plans:
(a) Debt waiver for all farmers
(b) Soil health enhancement
(c) Efficient use of water
(d) Credit reforms

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (d) (2) (a), (b) and (c) (3) (b), (c) and (d) (4) (a)

69. Green Revolution is the result of
(a) High Yielding Variety seeds
(b) Indebtiness of farmer
(c) Minimum support prices
(d) Irrigation

Answer options:
(1) (a), (c) and (d) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (b), (c) and (d) (4) (c) and (d)

70. What are the changes in the analysis of the theory of population transition in different phases of economic development?
(1) Birth rate and death rate are both very high.
(2) There is an increase in the income of the people due to economic development.
(3) The agricultural economy is converted into an industrial economy.
(4) All of the above.
71. In the year 2013-14 Maharashtra experienced rapid economic development but experienced that agriculture has __________.

(a) Decline in the contribution of agricultural sector
(b) Stagnation of population depending on agriculture
(c) Increase in the contribution of agriculture sector
(d) Increase in population depending on agriculture

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (c) and (d) (4) (c) only

72. Consider the following statements:

(a) India is the second largest fish producer country in the world.
(b) India is contributing 10% of global fish production.
(c) Blue Revolution is an umbrella scheme for growth of fisheries and aqua-culture in the country.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (a) and (c) (3) Only (c) (4) All of the above
73. The Accelerated Irrigation Benefits Programme (AIBP) is launched for:
(a) Completion of incompleted irrigation schemes
(b) Completion of new schemes in short period
(c) Irrigation for social benefits
(d) Irrigation imbalance reduction

Answer options:
(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (a) and (b)
(3) Only (a), (c) and (d)  (4) Only (c) and (d)

74. According to Human Development Index Report 2013, match the following pairs:

A (Country) B (HDI rank)
(a) China (i) 10
(b) India (ii) 146
(c) Pakistan (iii) 136
(d) Japan (iv) 101

Answer options:
(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
(3) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
(4) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
75. "International Trade as an Engine of Growth", because _________.

(a) A strategy for sustainable national development
(b) Increasing of trade in developing countries
(c) Increase in the participation of developing countries in Multilateral trade system

Answer options:
(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)  (3) Only (a) and (b)  (4) All of the above

76. Which of the following is not a "Biotic Resource" in India?

(1) Forestry  (2) Fish  (3) Coal and Oil  (4) Metallic Minerals

77. ________ theory demonstrates that countries can gain from trade even if one of them is less productive than another in all goods that it produces.

(1) Ricardo  (2) Adam Smith  (3) William Petty  (4) Keynes

78. Which of the following economists propounded "Absolute Cost Advantage Theory" of international trade?

(1) Haberler  (2) Heckscher Ohlin  (3) Adam Smith  (4) J.M. Keynes
79. Which of the following statements is true about High Yielding Variety (HYV) programme of 1966?

(1) It was restricted only to food grains
(2) It was implemented all over India
(3) Use of pesticides and insecticides was not the part of the programme
(4) All of the above

80. As per the Agricultural Policy of India, what do you mean by ‘issue prices’?

(1) Prices at which the government purchases food grains from farmers.
(2) Prices at which government supplies food grains through ration shops.
(3) Prices at which the traders buy food grains from the farmers.
(4) Minimum prices guaranteed by the government to the farmers.

81. Which of the following thing is not the problem related to environmental sustainability?

(1) Destruction of living habitats of native species.
(2) Emission of Green House gases into atmosphere that can cause climate change.
(3) Increasing Disequilibrium in Balance of Payments.
(4) Depletion of low cost oil and other fossil fuel.
82. बिद्धन संशोधन विचारात क्या?
(a) 2014 मध्ये सरकारने विभिन्न क्षेत्रात परस्करण गुंतवणूक की भारत 26% ते 49% पर्यंत वाढविली.
(b) एप्रिल 2015 मध्ये ‘भारतात वस्तू निर्माण करा’ योजनेनुसार परस्करण गुंतवणूक की भारत 100% वाढवला.
(c) 2014 मध्ये भारतात परस्करण गुंतवणूक की प्रवाहात जगात 9व्हा क्रमांक होता.
वरीलप्रती कोणत्या विचारात ने बरोबर आहे?
(1) (a) व (c)  
(2) (b) व (c)  
(3) (a) व (b)  
(4) वरीलप्रती सर्व

Consider the following statements:
(a) In 2014, the Government increased Foreign Investment upper limit from 26% to 49% in insurance sector.
(b) April 2015, FDI inflow in India increased by 100% since the launch of ‘Make in India’ initiative.
(c) India was ranking 9th in the world in 2014 in terms of FDI flow.
Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?
(1) (a) and (c)  
(2) (b) and (c)  
(3) (a) and (b)  
(4) All of the above

83. भारतात कृषी प्रणालीचा स्वीकार केल्यास कृषी क्षेत्रात खालीलप्रती कोणता फायदा होणार नाही?
(1) शेती क्षेत्रात खाजागी क्षेत्रातील गुंतवणूक वाढवले.
(2) केंद्र व सरकारवरील कृषी विभागातील वेगळेवरील भार वाढवले.
(3) ग्रामीण भागातून शहरी भागातील होणारे व्यापक वाढवले.
(4) ग्रामीण समुदायांमध्ये विविध अंशांमध्ये श्रमाधिक मोठी होईल.

The acceptance of the contract farming system in India, which of the following would not be beneficial to the agriculture sector?
(1) Private sector investments in agricultural sector will increase.
(2) Increase the load on the Central and State-level contract mechanism.
(3) Migration from rural to urban areas will be reduced.
(4) In rural communities especially, landless agricultural labours employment generation will be benefited.

कृष्णार्ध कामासाठी जाण /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
84. Which of the following is not the guiding principle of cooperatives?
(1) Disinvestment
(2) Forming Voluntary Association
(3) Equitable Distribution
(4) Democratic Control

85. NABARD provides refinance to
(a) Micro finance to small farmers
(b) Regional Rural Banks
(c) State Cooperative Banks
(d) Finance to rural artisans

Answer options:
(1) (b) and (c)
(2) (a), (b), (c)
(3) (a), (b), (c), (d)
(4) (a) and (d)

86. Consider the following statements:
(a) Corporate farming includes corporate ownership of farms and selling of agricultural product.
(b) These companies influence agricultural education, research and public policy.
(c) It is used in sustainable agriculture and local food movement.
Which of the statements given above are correct?
(1) (a) and (b)
(2) (b) and (c)
(3) (a) and (c)
(4) All of the above
87. विस्थापन मापदंड वाहनावस्थेन महाराष्ट्राच्या कृषी धोरणात ________ वर भर दिला.
   (a) व्यापक शेतस्थली कार्यक्रम
   (b) सूक्ष्म सिंचन
   (c) समन्वयाने पाणी क्रियाकलाप
   (d) सूक्ष्म वित्तपुरवठा

प्रश्नांशी उत्तरे:
(1) (a) आणि (b)
(2) (a) आणि (c)
(3) (c) आणि (d)
(4) (a), (b), (c) आणि (d)

For increasing water productivity, Maharashtra Agriculture Policy stressed on________.
(a) Massive farm pond programme
(b) Micro irrigation
(c) Equitable water pricing
(d) Micro finance

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b)
(2) (a) and (c)
(3) (c) and (d)
(4) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

88. भारतात अस्तित्वाधीन शेती प्रणालीत घर करण्यासाठी केलेल्या संदर्भात शेतीचा वर्गांकरणात खालील कृषिवा शेतीचा समावेश होतो?
(a) वृद्ध संदर्भाची शेती
(b) एकांशिक हरित क्रांती शेती
(c) निवालंश शेती पद्धत

प्रश्नांशी उत्तरे:
(1) फक्त (a) आणि (b)
(2) फक्त (a) आणि (c)
(3) (a), (b) आणि (c)
(4) फक्त (b) आणि (c)

For reducing inorganic farming system in India, which of the following farming includes in the classification of organic farming?
(a) Pure Organic Farming
(b) Integrated Green Revolution Farming
(c) Subsistence Farming System

Answer options:
(1) Only (a) and (b)
(2) Only (a) and (c)
(3) (a), (b) and (c)
(4) Only (b) and (c)

कृष्याच्या कामाच्या जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
89. ख़ाली काही अथवास्थानांची नावे दिली आहेत:
(a) यए.के. सेन (b) जेकब वायनर
(c) मह्बुब-उल-हक (d) आर. नरक्सू
या नावांपासून कोणती नावे “मानवी विकास” या संक्षेपी जोडली गेली आहेत?
(1) (a) आणि (c) (2) (b) आणि (c) (3) (b) आणि (d) (4) (a) आणि (d)

Following are names of a few economists:
(a) A.K. Sen (b) Jacob Viner
(c) Mahbub-ul-Haq (d) R. Nurkse
Which of these names are associated with the concept of “human development”?
(1) (a) and (c) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (b) and (d) (4) (a) and (d)

90. ख़ालीलैँकी कोणता देश सरकारचा भाग नाही?
(1) अफगानिस्तान (2) नेपाल (3) इज्राईल (4) पाकिस्तान
Which of the following country is not a part of SAARC?
(1) Afghanistan (2) Nepal (3) Israel (4) Pakistan

91. ख़ालील विधाने विचारात च्या:
(a) सरकारने प्रधानमंत्री ग्राम सडक योजना डिसेंबर 2000 मध्ये सुरू केली.
(b) 1995 मध्ये भारत सरकारने “राष्ट्रीय सामाजिक मदत कार्यक्रम” आहेर केला.
(c) संसद आदर्श ग्राम योजना 2014 मध्ये अटल बिहारी वाजपेयीच्या जन्मदिनी सुरू केली.
बरीलैँकी कोणते/ती विधान/ने चूक आहे/वा?
(1) (a) आणि (b) (2) (b) आणि (c) (3) फक्त (c) (4) फक्त (b)

Consider the following statements:
(c) Saansad Adarsh Gram Yojana was launched in 2014 on the birthday of Atal Bihari Vajpayee.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) only (c) (4) only (b)

क्रमव आपसी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
92. Which of the following is not the intention of the “Green Revolution in India”?

(1) To reduce in the decrease of agricultural production and productivity.
(2) To meet the need of food grains of growing population.
(3) To solve the problem of employment due to increasing population.
(4) To meet the growing need for raw material needed for industrialization.

93. Human Development Report 1995 launched two global gender indices. They are:

(a) Gender Inequality Index
(b) Gender related development Index
(c) Gender Empowerment Measure
(d) Gender Gap Index

Which of the above are correct options?

(1) (a), (b)
(2) (a), (c)
(3) (b), (c)
(4) (c), (d)

94. There were _______ founding nations at the time of establishment of ASEAN.

(1) Five
(2) Ten
(3) Seven
(4) Fifteen
Reducing inequality is not objective of:
(a) Millennium Development Goals  (b) Sustainable Development Goals
(c) Planning Goals  (d) World Trade Organisation

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b)  (2) only (d)  (3) (c) and (d)  (4) only (c)

The "National Food Security Act" was enacted by Ministry of Consumers Affairs, Food and Public Distribution by end of ________.
(1) January 2012  (2) December 2012  (3) December 2013  (4) None of above

The macrominerals which are important in human nutrition are calcium, phosphorus, magnesium and electrolytes ________ sodium chloride and potassium.
(1) Iodine  (2) Lézh  (3) Vitamin A  (4) Chloride

The "Mid-day Meal Scheme" was launched by the ministry of "Human Resources Development" (HRD) for the benefits of students in primary schools in year ________.
99. "Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority" (APEDA) is at
(1) New Delhi    (2) Mumbai    (3) Chennai    (4) Bangalore
Head office of the "Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority"(APEDA) is at ________.
(1) New Delhi    (2) Mumbai    (3) Chennai    (4) Bangalore

100. According to recommendation of planning commission "Medium irrigation projects" are those, where culturable command area is between ________.
(1) 4000 to 10,000 hectares    (2) 2000 to 10,000 hectares  
(3) 3000 to 8000 hectares       (4) None of above

101. The "Lead Bank Scheme" was launched on the recommendations of the study group appointed by "National Credit Council" in October 1969 under the Chairmanship of :
(1) Prof. D.R. Gadgil    (2) Mr. Shivaraman
(3) Mr. Narasimha    (4) Mr. A.M. Khusro

102. The share of irrigation in the total expenditure was more than 25 percent during ________ period.
(1) Sixth Five Year Plan    (2) Seventh Five Year Plan
(3) Eight Five Year Plan    (4) All of the above
APEDA take the responsibility of export promotion and development of _______ product.
(1) Fruits, Vegetables and their products  
(2) Dairy products  
(3) Alcoholic and Non-alcoholic Beverages  
(4) All the above

Marginal farmer has land holding upto _______ ha.
(1) 1   (2) 5   (3) 10   (4) 2.5

In India, the minimum support prices for major agricultural commodities are announced considering the recommendations of _______.
(1) C.A.C.P.  
(2) N.C.D.C.  
(3) N.A.F.E.D.  
(4) A.P.M.C.

'National Horticulture Board' (NHB) was setup by Government of India in the year _________.
(1) 1982  
(2) 1984  
(3) 1986  
(4) 1985
107. The Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation of India came into existence on:

108. Which of the following institutions acts as top level for fulfilment of financial needs in rural areas?
(1) NABARD (2) Reserve Bank of India (3) State Bank of India (4) All of the above

109. Deficiency of _______ causes the disorder of reproductive failure in animals.
(1) Vitamin - E (2) Vitamin - K (3) Vitamin - B (4) Vitamin - A

110. For the purpose of updation and digitisation the land records, the “National Land Records Modernization Programme” (NLRMP) was started in the year:
(1) 2008 (2) 2009 (3) 2010 (4) 2011

111. In India, the pilot project of geothermal energy is established at:
(1) Manikaran (Himachal Pradesh) (2) Patancheru (Telangana) (3) Khatkar Kalan (Punjab) (4) Kota (Rajasthan)
112. योग्य जोड्या लावा :

(अंतरराष्ट्रीय संस्था/समिति) (स्थापना वर्ष)
(a) ‘इन्कॉसपार’ (i) 1969
(b) ‘इसो’ (ii) 1983
(c) ‘अंतरिक्ष’ (iii) 1992
(d) ‘इनसेंट’ (iv) 1962

पर्यायी उत्तरे :

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
(2) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
(3) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
(4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)

Match the correct pairs :

(Space organization/committee) (Establishment year)
(a) INCOSPAR (i) 1969
(b) ISRO (ii) 1983
(c) Antrix (iii) 1992
(d) INSAT (iv) 1962

Answer options :

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
(2) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
(3) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
(4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
113. 'श' किरण व 'गैमा' किरण यातील फरक दर्शविण्यासाठी खाली वाक्य दिलेले आहेत. योग्य पर्याय निव्व वसंताखिक फरक दर्शवा.
   (a) 'श' किरणे उत्कृष्ट बदलमूळे केंद्रकांवर बाध्य भागातून निघातात, याउलट 'गैमा' किरणे केंद्रकातून उत्सर्जित होतात.
   (b) 'श' किरणे विद्युतमूळे लघुरी आहेत तर 'गैमा' किरणे तसे नाहीत.
   (c) 'श' किरणाच्या लघुरीची वारंबारीत 'गैमा' किरणाप्रक्षा कमी असते.
   (d) अनन्य व्यवस्था परिस्थित्यासाठी 'श' किरणाचा उपयोग करू शकत नाही.

पर्यायी उत्तरे:
(1) (c) only (2) (a) and (c) (3) (b) and (d) (4) all the above

Some sentences which differentiate X-rays from γ-rays are given below. Select the proper option to justify the difference.
(a) X-rays are due to energy changes emitted outside the nuclei whereas γ-rays are emitted by the nuclei.
(b) X-rays are electromagnetic waves but γ-rays are not.
(c) X-rays have lower frequency than γ-rays.
(d) X-rays cannot be used for the preservation of food.

Answer options:
(1) (c) only (2) (a) and (c) (3) (b) and (d) (4) all the above

114. भारताकडे सध्या 21 आणि विद्युत उत्तरांला संपूर्ण भारतात तसा स्थानांवर कार्यरत आहेत ज्यांची संयुक्त क्षमता आहे:
(1) 9 GW (2) 5.78 GW (3) 5.92 GW (4) 7 GW

India currently has twenty one operating nuclear reactors at six locations across the country with combined capacity totalling upto:
(1) 9 GW (2) 5.78 GW (3) 5.92 GW (4) 7 GW

115. कोणत्या विद्युत निर्मिती केंद्रात ऊजा रूपांतरणाचे कमी टप्पे आहेत?
(1) जलविद्युत केंद्र (2) उडीविद्युत केंद्र (3) जलविद्युत केंद्र (4) अगु-विद्युत केंद्र

In which of the power generation involve minimum number of steps of energy conversion?
(1) Solar thermal power plant (2) Solar photovoltaic cell plant (3) Hydroelectric power station (4) Nuclear power plant

कच्च्हा कामासाठी जगा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
116. The first controlled fission of an atom was carried out in Germany in ________.

(1) 1920  (2) 1928  (3) 1925  (4) 1938

117. Abbreviations and corresponding longforms of some atomic power stations, in India, are given below. Out of these longform one is wrong. Identify it.

(1) RAPS - Rajasthan Atomic Power Station
(2) MAPS - Madras Atomic Power Station
(3) NAPS - Narora Atomic Power Station
(4) KAPS - Karnataka Atomic Power Station

118. Consider the following statements about NPT and CTBT:

(a) India has neither signed NPT nor ratified it.
(b) India has signed CTBT but not yet ratified it.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)
(3) Both (a) and (b)  (4) Neither (a) nor (b)
119. There are problems associated with nuclear power generation.
(a) after fission of nuclear fuel emit harmful radiations.
(b) to dispose the nuclear waste is big challenge.
(c) non-availability of the sufficient nuclear fuel.
(d) accident may result in release of very harmful radiations.

Answer options:
(1) All are correct
(2) Only (a), (c), (d) correct
(3) Only (c) correct
(4) Only (c) and (d) correct

120. ___________ is/are the first country/countries to start regular large scale manufacture and marketing of solar cookers.
(1) India and China
(2) China and USA
(3) China
(4) India

121. Which of the following is the heaviest rocket ever made by India till now, capable of carrying Astronauts in space?
(1) GSLV-Mk I
(2) GSLV-Mk II
(3) GSLV-Mk III
(4) GSLV-Mk IV

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
122. Which one of the following energy sources is not the environment friendly energy source?

(1) Sunlight (2) Natural gas (3) Biofuel (4) Wind with required velocity

123. The Liquid Propulsion Systems Centre (LPSC) of the Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) is at:

(1) Bengaluru (Karnataka) (2) Chennai (Tamil Nadu) (3) Hyderabad (Telangana) (4) Ahmedabad (Gujarat)

124. At present, LED light bulbs are better than CFL bulbs mainly because:

(a) They produce more efficient light than CFL bulbs
(b) They last 5 to 6 times longer than CFL bulbs
(c) They are cheaper than CFL bulbs
(d) They are more attractive than CFL bulbs

Answer options:

(1) only (b) (2) (a) and (c) (3) only (c) (4) all the above reasons
125. GPS is a space-based radionavigation system owned by ________ government and operated by its Air Force.
(1) India  (2) China  (3) USSR  (4) USA

126. Web browser software is programmed according to ________ standards.
(1) HTML  (2) SMTP  (3) POP  (4) IMAP

127. The well-known ports assigned to the computer communication protocols HTTP and HTTPS are:
(a) 8080 and 443  (b) 25 and 23  (c) 80 and 404  (d) 80 and 443
Answer options:
(1) (a) only  (2) (d) only  (3) (a) and (d) only  (4) None of these

128. The ISCII code has been prepared for writing scripts in Indian languages in computers. What is the long form of ISCII?

कक्ष्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
129. Which of the following is not malware or virus?
(1) Worm  (2) Trojan Horse  (3) Spyware  (4) Caterpillar

130. Media Asia Lab set up by Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology, Government of India is now known as:
(1) Digital India Lab  (2) India Informatics Limited  (3) Digital India Corporation  (4) National Informatics Centre

131. Bacillus thuringiensis produces a wide range of ________ proteins that have insecticidal properties.
(1) Cry  (2) Pri  (3) Cry  (4) Sir

132. Amongst the following and do not form components of a nucleoside.
(a) Phosphate  (b) Sugar  (c) Nitrogen base  (d) Magnesium
Answer options:
(1) (a) and (c)  (2) (c) and (d)  (3) (a) and (d)  (4) (a) and (b)

133. Cataract, a human genetic disorder is demonstrated by the deficiency of the enzyme ________.
(1) Urease  (2) Catalase  (3) Galactokinase  (4) Amylase
Diagnostic kit for rapid detection of recombinant cry 1A(c), cry 2A(b) promoter genes in seeds of rice and cotton has been developed by

1. Dapoli Krishi Vidyapeeth, Maharashtra
2. Shantha Biotech, Bangalore
3. Institute of Chemical Technology, Mumbai
4. Center for DNA Fingerprinting and Diagnostics, Hyderabad

The first animal patent issued in the early 1980's to Harvard University for a mammal was named as

1. Dolly
2. Oncomouse
3. Idaho Gem
4. Noto - Kaga

Which of the following technique is used to prove the paternity of child?

1. ELISA
2. DNA Fingerprinting
3. DNA Footprinting
4. Cloning

DiGeorge Syndrome is caused due to the

1. Failure of development of thymus
2. Failure of development of bone marrow
3. Calcium deficiency
4. Iron deficiency
are infectious agents composed exclusively of a single piece of circular single stranded RNA.

(1) Viruses (2) Prions (3) Viroids (4) Bacteriophage

139. संबंध - I मध्ये पर्याय संबंध - II मध्ये योग्य पर्यायासोबत जुंज्या:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>संबंध - I</th>
<th>संबंध - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) टोटिपॉटेंट पेशी</td>
<td>(i) ह्या प्रौढ पेशी असतात</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) प्लुरिपॉटेंट पेशी</td>
<td>(ii) ह्या पेशीमध्ये कुठौच्या हो पेशींचा भूमिका असते</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) मल्टिपॉटेंट पेशी</td>
<td>(iii) ह्या पेशी निरनिरस्त्र पेशी बनवून शकतात पण संपूर्ण गर्भ बनवून शकत नाहीत</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

पर्यायी उत्तरे:
(a) (b) (c)
(1) (ii) (iii) (i)
(2) (ii) (iii) (i)
(3) (iii) (ii) (i)
(4) (i) (iii) (ii)

Match the Column - I with appropriate answer in Column - II:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column - I</th>
<th>Column - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Totipotent cells</td>
<td>(i) Are adult stem cells</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Pluripotent cells</td>
<td>(ii) Stem cells capable of giving rise to any cell type or a complete embryo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Multipotent cells</td>
<td>(iii) Stem cells capable of giving rise to several cell types but cannot form a fetus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options:
(a) (b) (c)
(1) (i) (ii) (iii)
(2) (ii) (iii) (i)
(3) (iii) (ii) (i)
(4) (i) (iii) (ii)
110. **Genetic potential of plant cell to produce entire plant is called as**

(a) Power house (b) Totipotency (c) Germination (d) Fertilization

**Answer options:**

(1) (b) (2) (a), (b) (3) (a), (d) (4) (b), (c)

111. Which of the following statement/s is/are false?

(a) Fermented apple cider is not considered as wine.
(b) Chardonnay is a variety of Vitis vinifera.
(c) Sugar could be added to certain grape sps to produce stable wine.
(d) Wines with less alcohol are stable.

**Answer options:**

(1) Only (b) (2) (a), (b) (3) (a), (d) (4) Only (c)
143. Balanced Salt Solution [BSS], Eagle's Minimal Essential Medium [EMEM] are used mostly in _______.
(1) Plant tissue culture (2) Animal tissue culture
(3) Hydroponics (4) Bacterial growth

Balanced Salt Solution [BSS], Eagle's Minimal Essential Medium [EMEM] are patented rice products claimed to be equivalent or superior to Indian Basmati.
(1) Jasmati and Texmati (2) Sonmasuri and Sonsuri
(3) Peekvati and Longvati (4) Sajmati and Akra

144. _______ and _______ are patented rice products claimed to be equivalent or superior to Indian Basmati.
(1) Jasmati and Texmati (2) Sonmasuri and Sonsuri
(3) Peekvati and Longvati (4) Sajmati and Akra

145. Govt. of India’s Health Ministry’s programme ‘Mission Indradhanush’ launched in 2014 deals with _______.
(1) Male sterilization
(2) Increasing crop per drop
(3) Fully immunizing children and pregnant women with all available vaccines
(4) Funding for cloning
146. Which of the following dates is correct for the Indian coast being free from Tsunami disaster before December 2004?

(1) 1 December 2004  (2) 26 December 2004  
(3) 26 December 2001  (4) 1 December 1993

Indian coast was said to be free from Tsunami disaster before _________.

(1) 1 December 2004  (2) 26 December 2004  
(3) 26 December 2001  (4) 1 December 1993

147. Which of the following statements are true?

(a) Disasters, which are often sudden and intense.
(b) A hazard is a natural event while the disaster is its consequence.
(c) Earthquakes and floods are the natural disasters.

Answer options:

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) All of the above  (4) Only (c)

148. The magnitude of Latur (Maharashtra) earthquake recorded on 30 Sept. 1993 was ________.

(1) 6.3 Richter Scale  (2) 7.3 Richter Scale  
(3) 8.3 Richter Scale  (4) 5.3 Richter Scale

__________ the magnitude of Latur (Maharashtra) Earthquake was recorded on 30 Sept. 1993.

(1) 6.3 Richter Scale  (2) 7.3 Richter Scale  
(3) 8.3 Richter Scale  (4) 5.3 Richter Scale
149. The word ‘Tsunami’ is basically __________.
(1) Russian (2) Indian (3) Indonesian (4) Japanese

150. What was the name of Cyclone appeared at North Indian ocean in December 2017?
(1) Laila (2) Katrina (3) Vardah (4) Ockhi
नमुना प्रश्न

प्रश्न क्रमांक 201. सतीश चालन ग्राम करणासोटी कोणी मूल्य? प्रश्न के?

(1) स्वामी दासानंद सरस्वती  (2) ईशवरचंद बिवासगार
(3) राजा राममोहन राय  (4) गोपालकृष्ण गोविंद

हा प्रश्नाचे शोध उत्तर "(3) राजा राममोहन राय" असे आहे. त्यामुळे त्या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर "(3)" होईल. यासाठी पाठ्यपुस्तकाच्या प्रश्न क्रमांक 201 समोरेल उत्तर-क्रमांक "(3)" हे त्वरित पूर्णपणे छायाचित करून दाखविले आहेत.

प्र. क्र. 201. द् ① ② ॥ ④

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नप्रवेशकृत प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तर द्वारे करा. तुम्हाला स्वतंत्रतापंथ पुरवलेल्या उत्तरप्रदेशकृत ता त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकमोरोल संबंधित करून पूर्णपणे छायाचित करून दाखवावा. ह्याच्या फक्त काळ्या हातांचे चालविणे वापरावे, पेसिंट वा हातांचे एप ठेवा नये.

कविता कार्यालयात जोगा/SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK