कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
1. Small-scale industries are significant due to the following features:
   (a) Use local raw material.
   (b) Engage local manpower.
   (c) Helps in reducing regional disparities.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) only 
(2) (a) and (b) only 
(3) (b) and (c) only 
(4) (a), (b) and (c)

2. WTO is set up and designed to play the role of watchdog in the spheres of the following matters:
   (a) Trade in goods 
   (b) Trade in services 
   (c) Intellectual property rights 
   (d) International peace and co-operation

Which of the above statements are correct?

(1) (a) and (b) 
(2) (a) and (c) 
(3) (a), (b) and (c) 
(4) (b), (c) and (d)
3. Consider the following statements:

(a) The India Infrastructure Finance Company Limited (IIFCL) was set up in 2006.
(b) IIFCL providing short term financing for infrastructure projects.
(c) The Indian Infrastructure Project Development fund was launched in December 2007.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (a) and (c) (4) Only (b)

4. With reference to cooperative movement in India consider the following statements:

(a) The Co-operative Movement in India started with the objective of giving short term loans to the small farmer's.
(b) The Co-operative Society Act was passed for the first time in 1905.
(c) The concept of 'one village one society' is the main objective of the Co-operative Movement.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (c) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (a) and (b) (4) None of these
5. Consider the following statements regarding small scale industries, based on S.P. Gupta Committee (1999) recommendations.

(a) A capital subsidy of 12% for investment in technology in selected sectors.
(b) The limit of excise duty exemption raised from ₹ 50 lakh to one core rupees.
(c) At present only 120 items have been reserved for production by small scale sector.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) Only (c)  (4) (a) and (c)

6. Which of the following co-operative bank function for long term credit in the rural co-operative credit sector in the state?

(1) Co-operative Agricultural Credit Society (CAC’s)
(2) District Co-operative Bank (DCC’s)
(3) State Co-operative Agricultural and Rural Development Banks (SCARDB’s)
(4) State Co-operative Bank (SCB’s)

Kachyaa kamaasathi janya /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK P.T.O.
7. Which of the following reasons were responsible for replacement of Co-operative Act of 1904 by Act of 1912?

- (a) It permitted the formation of primary credit societies only.
- (b) Except credit societies other societies were left out of purview of 1904 Act.

**Answer options:**

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<td>(b)</td>
<td>Both</td>
<td>None</td>
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8. Which of the following five year plan gave emphasis on heavy industries for industrial development?

- (1) First Five Year Plan
- (2) Second Five Year Plan
- (3) Eleventh Five Year Plan
- (4) Seventh Five Year Plan

9. Which was one of the following is the largest trading partner of India during 1960-61 to 1990-91?

- (1) Organisation of Petroleum Export Countries
- (2) Eastern European Countries
- (3) Organisation for economic co-operation and development
- (4) Gulf-countries

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
10. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct?
(a) IMF promotes international monetary co-operation.
(b) IMF helps in framing monetary policy of member nations.

Answer options:
(1) (a) only
(2) (b) only
(3) both
(4) neither

11. Which of the following Prime Minister restructured 20-point programme announced by late Smt. Indira Gandhi for poverty eradication?
(1) Rajiv Gandhi
(2) Narasimha Rao
(3) V.P. Singh
(4) None of the above

12. Which of the following statements with reference to Agricultural Cooperative Marketing is/are correct?
(a) The National Agricultural Co-operative Marketing Federation of India (NAFED) is the apex co-operative organisation at the national level.
(b) NAFED promotes inter-state and export trade of farm produce.
(c) The National Co-operative Development Corporation was set up in 1974.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?
(1) (a) and (b)
(2) (b) and (c)
(3) (a) and (c)
(4) only (b)
13. राज्य सहकारी बैंक पुर्णीयकैं कोणता माणणीले भांडकवल उभारणी करत नाही? 
(1) समस्यादना भाग विक्री करत.
(2) वित्तव्य बैंक व राज्य सरकारकडून कर्ज पेहेन.
(3) बाजारात रेखे विक्री करत.
(4) सहभाग व बिंगर सहभागदारकडून तेव्हा स्वीकारल.

Which of the following is not a way to raise capital of state cooperative banks?
(1) By selling shares to members of society.
(2) By owing debt from RBI and state Govt. of India.
(3) By open market operations.
(4) By accepting deposits from members and non-members.

14. खालीलप्रमाणे कोणते विधान/विधाने बरोबर नाहीत?

(a) सहकार ही सामाजिक उद्देश्य सादृश्य करण्यासाठी स्मार्त करण्यात आलेली अतून्हीक संगठना आहे.
(b) सहकार महणजे वित्तरण, उत्पादन साधनांना स्मर्चाचा अभाव आणि मध्यस्थांच्या अभिलक्षणात नाहारणे.
(c) सहकार लेकरूना पाण्या मजबूत करते.

पर्यायी उत्तरे:
(1) (a) फक्त
(2) (b) फक्त
(3) खालीलप्रमाणे सर्व
(4) हे कोणतेही नाही

Which one of the following statement/s is/are incorrect?
(a) Co-operation is an involuntary association of people desiring to achieve common goal.
(b) Co-operation means abandonment of competition in distribution and production and elimination of middlemen.
(c) Co-operation broadens the base of democracy.

Answer options:
(1) (a) only
(2) (b) only
(3) All the above
(4) None of the above
15. दूसरा पालवीवार (2nd Generation) आर्थिक सुधारणे संदर्भात खालील विधाने विचारात या:
(a) सरकार क्षेत्र मध्ये भूमिकेचे रूपांतर नियंत्रकाकडून सुविधा पुरवणारा असे झाले.
(b) पायथंत्रिक क्षेत्रात योग्य सुविधा पुरविण्यास सरकार बांधील आहे.
(c) राजसंघात पूर्णपणे कार्यान्वित करण्यास सरकार बांधील आहे.
बरीलपकी कोणते/ती विधान/ने असत्य आहे/आहेत?
(1) (a) आणि (b) (2) (b) आणि (c)
(3) (a) आणि (c) (4) बरीलपकी एकही नाही
Consider the following statements regarding Second Generation Economic reforms.
(a) The role of Government convert from the 'controller to the facilitator'.
(b) The Government commit to suitable reforms in the infrastructure sector.
(c) The Government commit to the full functional Panchayati Raj Institution.
Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c)
(3) (a) and (c) (4) None of the above

16. भारतीय दूसरा आयुक्त राज या कामाचे अभ्यास खालीलपकी कोणता क्षेत्राशी संबंधित आहे?
(1) नियोजन प्रक्रिया (2) दार्शनिक अभ्यास
(3) आंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार (4) आंतरराष्ट्रीय ध्वनि
With which of the following area the study of Dandekar and Rath in India is related?
(1) Planning process (2) Study of poverty
(3) International trade (4) Industrial policy

17. भारतीय पंचवार्षिक योजना मध्ये या कामाचे भारतीय नियोजनाच्या खालील विधाने विचारात या:
(a) भारतीय नियोजन हे सूचक आर्थिक नियोजन आहे.
(b) भारतीय नियोजन हे भौतिक नियोजन आहे.
(c) भारतीय नियोजन हे सामाजिक नियोजन आहे.
बरीलपकी कोणते/ती विधान/ने सत्य आहे/आहेत?
(1) (a) आणि (b) (2) (b) आणि (c)
(3) (a) आणि (c) (4) बरील सर्व
Consider the following statements with respect to Indian Planning before 12th five year plan:
(a) Indian planning is indicative economic planning.
(b) Indian planning is physical planning.
(c) Indian planning is social planning.
Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c)
(3) (a) and (c) (4) All of the above
18. Consider the following statements:

(a) The Third Census of small scale industries done in 2001-02.
(b) According to this census there were 105.02 lakh SSI units in India.
(c) According to this census the registered units were 87% of the total.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

1) (a) and (b)
2) only (b)
3) (b) and (c)
4) only (c)

19. Which one of the following is the finest natural harbour in the east?

1) Mumbai
2) Kolkata
3) Cochin
4) Kandla

20. Consider the following statements:

(a) The Economic reforms was initiated in India by the Government of Atal Bihari Vajpayee in 1991.
(b) Macro economic stabilisation deals with demand management.
(c) Structural reforms deal with supply side management.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

1) (a) and (b)
2) (b) and (c)
3) (a) and (c)
4) only (a)
21. On which date World Trade Organisation (WTO) was established?

22. With respect to the impact of globalization on small-scale industries, consider the following statements.
(a) Many of the small-scale industries started closing their activities since 1991.
(b) Small-scale industries are strong enough to face competition with multi-national corporation.
(c) Government's protection to small-scale industries continues even after 1991.
Which of the above statements is correct?
(1) (a) only  (2) (b) only  (3) (c) only  (4) None of the above

23. Medium enterprises under manufacturing sector has defined as:
(1) The enterprise having investment in plant and machinery is more than five Cr. but doesn't exceed ten Cr. rupees.
(2) The enterprise having investment of Rs. 10 Cr. including plant and machinery.
(3) The enterprise having investment in plant and machinery of Rs. 15 Cr.
(4) The enterprise having investment in plant and machinery less than 5 Cr. but more than 2 Cr. of rupees.
24. Consider the following statements regarding the impact of Economic reforms:

(a) Between 1992-93 and 2000-01 the economy grew at an annual average rate of 6.3%.

(b) The reform programme on poverty reduction was less positive.

(c) India’s improved foreign exchange management restored the confidence of foreign investors.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) All of the above

25. Which of the following is not a part of Rural Health infrastructure?

(1) Primary Health Centres  (2) ASHA
(3) Community Health Centre  (4) Government Civil Hospitals

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
26. जागतिकीकरणाचा प्रमुख निर्धारांबाबत खालीलप्रमाणे कोणते विधान/विधाने बरोबर आहेत?
(a) व्यापारीतील अडथळे दूर करणे.
(b) भार्डवजर प्रौद्योगिकीय मुक्त प्रवाह निर्माण होईल असे वातावरण निर्माण करणे.
(c) तंत्रज्ञानाचा मुक्त प्रवाह निर्माण होईल असे वातावरण निर्माण करणे.
(d) देशांतर्गत खाजगी उद्योग वाढवणे.

योग्य पर्याय निवडा:
(1) (a), (b) आणि (c)  
(2) (b), (c) आणि (d)  
(3) (a), (c) आणि (d)  
(4) (b), (d) आणि (a)

Which of the statement/statements are correct regarding main parameters of Globalisation?
(a) Removing trade barriers.
(b) Creation of environment in which free flow of capital can take place.
(c) Creation of environment permitting free flow of technology.
(d) To increase domestic private industry.

Choose correct options:
(1) (a), (b) and (c)
(2) (b), (c) and (d)
(3) (a), (c) and (d)
(4) (b), (d) and (a)

27. भारतातील बहुराष्ट्रीय महायंत्रांचे उपक्रम निर्माण करणार्या संस्था खालीलप्रमाणे आहेत:
(a) कंपनी व्यवहार मंत्रालय.
(b) रिजर्व बैंक अफ इंडिया.
(c) आयुर्विज्ञान विकास मंत्रालय.
(d) वित्त मंत्रालय.

कोणते/कोणते पर्याय बरोबर आहे/आहेत?
(1) (a) आणि (b)  
(2) (c) आणि (d)  
(3) (a) आणि (d)  
(4) बरोबर सर्व

The following agencies are controlling the activities of Multinational Corporation in India.
(a) The Ministry of Company Affairs.
(b) The Reserve Bank of India.
(c) The Ministry of Industrial Development.
(d) The Ministry of Finance.

Which of the option/s given above is/are correct?
(1) (a) and (b)  
(2) (c) and (d)  
(3) (a) and (d)  
(4) All of the above

कक्ष्या कायासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
28. Which of the following statement/s is/are correct?

(a) Globalisation presupposes complete removal of licences, quotas and tariffs.
(b) Globalisation means political integration of the world.

**Answer options:**
(1) (a) only (2) (b) only (3) Both (4) Neither

Which of the following statement/s is/are correct?

(a) Globalisation presupposes complete removal of licences, quotas and tariffs.
(b) Globalisation means political integration of the world.

29. Which three measures are considered on priority basis in the concept ‘privatisation’?

(a) Ownership measures (b) Organisational measures
(c) Operational measures (d) Liberalisation measures

**Varyam Utare:**
(1) (a), (b) आणि (d) (2) (a), (c) आणि (d)
(3) (a), (b) आणि (c) (4) (b), (c) आणि (d)

Which three measures are considered on priority basis in the concept ‘privatisation’?

(a) Ownership measures (b) Organisational measures
(c) Operational measures (d) Liberalisation measures

**Select correct options:**
(1) (a), (b) and (d) (2) (a), (c) and (d)
(3) (a), (b) and (c) (4) (b), (c) and (d)
30. Which of the following indicate/s failure of planning in India?

(1) Failure to provide employment to all able bodied people
(2) Failure to implement land reforms
(3) Failure to check the growth of black money
(4) All the above

31. Which of the following statements is not true in case of MGNREGS?

(1) At least 33% beneficiaries of the scheme have to be women.
(2) Wage disbursement to happen through bank and post office accounts.
(3) It seeks to provide at least 100 days of wage employment to all adult members of rural households
(4) It emphasis on labour intensive works.

32. Consider the following statements:

(a) Economic infrastructure is located within system of production and distribution.
(b) Social infrastructure contributes to the production process from outside the system.
(c) Communication system is treated as both social and economic infrastructure.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (b) and (c) (2) (a) and (b) (3) only (c) (4) All of the above
33. Consider the following statements.
   (a) The Government appointed a committee on the financial system under the Chairmanship of Chakravarty in August 1991.
   (b) The base rate system of interest rate has been introduced with effect from July 1, 2010.
   (c) The base rate system is applicable to all new loans and to the old loans that come up for renewal.

Which of the statements given above is/are incorrect?

(1) only (b)  (2) only (a)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) (b) and (c)

34. Consider the following statements:
   (a) The Value Added Tax (VAT) is multi-point tax collection method.
   (b) Non VAT is single point tax collection method.
   (c) Implementation of VAT will improve the purchasing capacity and living standard of the poor people.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) All of the above
35. Gini's co-efficient is a measure of which of the following social evils?

(1) Inequalities in income  
(2) Poverty gap in a country  
(3) Unemployment in a country  
(4) Infant mortality

36. What was the mandate of the committee established under H.R. Khan - the deputy governor of RBI - in 2016?

(1) To suggest measures to control inflation  
(2) Development of corporate bond market  
(3) To introduce cashless methods of payment  
(4) To boost private borrowings

37. Which of the following schemes aims at creation of sustainable irrigation facilities in Maharashtra by way of absorption of rain water?

(1) Magel tyala 'shet tale' yojana  
(2) Jalayukta Shivar Yojana  
(3) Western Ghat Development Programme  
(4) All of the above
38. Consider the following statements:

(a) In 2009-10, the growth rate of Service Sector in Maharashtra was 9.6%.
(b) In 2010-11 the share of Service Sector was 61% in Maharashtra State Gross Domestic Product.
(c) In 2012-13 the share of Construction Sector was 22% in the Maharashtra State Gross Domestic Product.

Which of the statement/s given above is /are correct?

(1) (a) and (c)  (2) (a) and (b)  (3) (b) and (c)  (4) only (c)

39. International Finance Corporation (IFC) works in which of the following area?

(1) Investment, guidance and asset management for the development of private sector.
(2) Credit supply to central banks.
(3) Development and management of services sector.
(4) Development and management of infrastructural facilities.

40. Select the right statement regarding taxes:

(1) Income tax is not direct tax
(2) Goods and service taxes are indirect taxes
(3) Property taxes are also indirect taxes
(4) Product taxes are direct taxes

कल्याण कामासाही जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
41. Which of the following is not a part of non-development public expenditure?

(1) Tax collection charges
(2) Expenditure on military equipments
(3) Expenditure on educational services
(4) Expenditure on interest payment

42. Which of the following duties is not entrusted to Finance Commission of India under article 280 of Indian Constitution?

(1) Distribution of tax proceeds between Centre and States
(2) Recommendations on governing of grants in aid to state governments
(3) Preparation of Union Budget
(4) Recommendations on any matter related of sound finance

43. Which of the following is not a contingent function of money?

(1) Basis of distribution of National Income
(2) Basis of Credit Creation
(3) Store of Value
(4) Transfer of Value
44. The Cambridge version of quantity theory of money was first developed by which of the following economists?

(1) Alfred Marshall  (2) I. Fischer  
(3) David Ricardo  (4) Jean Bodin

Cambridge version of quantity theory of money was first developed by which of the following economists?

(1) Alfred Marshall  (2) I. Fischer  
(3) David Ricardo  (4) Jean Bodin

45. Which of the following is not a part of debt obligations of the state government?

(1) Provident Fund  (2) External Debt  
(3) Contingency Fund  (4) Reserve Fund

Which of the following is not a part of debt obligations of the state government?

(1) Provident Fund  (2) External Debt  
(3) Contingency Fund  (4) Reserve Fund

46. Which types of unemployment are/is mainly found in rural areas?

(1) Structural unemployment  
(2) Low quality unemployment  
(3) Disguised and seasonal unemployment  
(4) Cyclical and educated unemployment

Which types of unemployment are/is mainly found in rural areas?

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(3) Disguised and seasonal unemployment  
(4) Cyclical and educated unemployment

कृपया कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
47. Consider the following statements:

(a) Maharashtra State Industry Share in Maharashtra State Gross Domestic Product (GDP) was 30.9% in 2009-10.

(b) Maharashtra Small Scale Industrial Development Corporation was established in 1962.

(c) In 2010, Government of Maharashtra scrapped the SEZ policy.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (a) and (c) (4) only (c)

48. To control inflation, through open market operations, which of the following steps will be taken by the central bank of a country?

(1) Selling of government securities

(2) Buying of government securities

(3) Increase in interest rate of commercial bank borrowings

(4) Reduction in interest rate of commercial bank borrowings
49. Which of the following statements is not true as far as service sector of India is concerned?

(1) Business services including IT sector has been the fastest growing sector.
(2) Share of services in India’s GDP has substantially increased.
(3) Communication services have made a significant contribution to service sector growth.
(4) Share of service sector in total employment is very high.

Which of the following statements is not true as far as service sector of India is concerned?

(1) Business services including IT sector has been the fastest growing sector.
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(3) Communication services have made a significant contribution to service sector growth.
(4) Share of service sector in total employment is very high.

50. Consider the following statements:

(a) Reserve Bank of India and Government are producers of the high-powered money.
(b) The amount of high-powered money is fixed by commercial banks.
(c) Theory of determination of money supply is based on the supply and demand for high-powered money.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (b) and (c) (2) only (b) (3) (a) and (b) (4) only (c)
51. Which of the following was established to take care of unemployment arising out of liberalisation, Privatisation and Globalisation reforms after 1991?

(1) National Renewal Fund  (2) Exit Policy Commission
(3) Employer’s Provident Fund  (4) Social Security Corporation

52. Human Development Report - 1995 launched the concept of Gender Empowerment Measure (GEM). It indicates:

(1) Whether life expectancy is high among women.
(2) Whether literacy and employment rate is high among women.
(3) Whether sex ratio is in favour of women.
(4) Whether women are able to actively participate in economic and political life.

53. Consider the following statements:

(a) According to NSS data for 2009-10 the poverty line was defined as ₹ 28.60 per capita per day in rural areas and ₹ 22.40 per capita per day in urban areas.
(b) 29.8% of the population was below the poverty line in 2009-10.
(c) 33.8% of the population in rural areas and 20.9 percent in urban areas was below the poverty line in 2009-10.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) only (a)  (3) (b) and (c)  (4) only (b)

कच्च्या कामासाठी जगां /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK  P.T.O.
54. The market value of final goods and services, in the country plus income earned by the Indians from foreign countries, minus income earned by the foreigners in India is called as which of the following concepts?

(a) Gross Domestic Product (b) Gross National Product (c) Net Domestic Product (d) Net National Product

55. Consider the following statements:

(a) The Central government passed fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act in 2004.
(b) According to this Act revenue deficit was to fall to zero by 2009 and fiscal deficit to be reduced to 3% of GDP by March 2009.
(c) Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

(a) and (c) (b) and (c) (a) and (b) All of the above

56. Which of the following statements regarding with FRBM Act is/are correct?

(a) The product method estimates the net value added of goods and services.
(b) The income method is employed in estimating the GDP of the service sector.
(c) A combination of product method and income method is used for national income calculation by CSO.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

(a) and (c) (b) and (c) All of the above
Consider the following statements:

(a) Personal income tax is levied on the income of individuals.
(b) Income tax has failed to play positive role in redistributing income.
(c) Corporation tax is levied on the income of registered companies and corporations.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a), (b) and (c)  (2) (a) and (b)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) only (c)

Which of the following was established in 1987 to deal with the problems of sick industries?

(1) Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction
(2) Board for Sick Industries Reconstruction
(3) Industrial Investment Bank of India
(4) Industrial Reconstruction Bank of India

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(1) Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction
(2) Board for Sick Industries Reconstruction
(3) Industrial Investment Bank of India
(4) Industrial Reconstruction Bank of India
59. Consider the following statements:

(a) The Ministry of Finance at the centre has the responsibility to oversee the finance of the State Governments.

(b) According to the Constitution the state governments cannot borrow from market without the permission of the central government if the states have outstanding debt with the centre.

(c) According to the constitution the states are permitted to borrow from abroad.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) only (c)

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(c) According to the constitution the states are permitted to borrow from abroad.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) only (c)

60. Consider the following statements:

(a) Maharashtra Government introduced the employment guarantee scheme in 1972-73.

(b) It contributed to the decline of poverty from 60.4% in 1977-78 to 36.7% in 1987-88.

(c) EGS benefited a large number of males only.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) only (c)

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(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (a) and (c)  (4) only (c)

कँच्च्या कामासाठी जणान /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
Consider the following statements:

(a) Industrial infrastructure upgradation scheme was launched in 2014.

(b) A scheme for promoting innovation, Rural industry and entrepreneurship was launched in 2015.

(c) The government introduced Institutional Credit for Handloom Sector in December 2012.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) only (a) (3) (b) and (c) (4) only (c)

Which of the following was passed in 2002 to prohibit abuse of dominant position in the market?

(1) FERA (2) Competition Act (3) MRTP Act (4) None of the above
63. On the 1st April, 1999, Swarnjayanti Gram Swarojgar Yojana was stared with the consolidation of which of the schemes?

(2) Integrated Rural Development Program, Village Welfare Scheme, TRYSEM, SITRA, (MWS) Million Wells Scheme.
(3) Integrated Rural Development Program, TRYSEM, Women and Child Development Program, Indira Mahila Yojana.

64. According to Bhagwati Committee Report 1973 the Government took the following measures to provide employment.

(a) Rural Works Programme (b) Agro-Service Centers
(c) Area-Development Scheme (d) Kisan Credit Card Scheme

Which of the option/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (d) (3) only (c) (4) only (d)
65. National Sample Survey Organisation developed the concept of unemployment as follows:

(a) The usual status unemployment
(b) The current weekly status unemployment
(c) The current daily status unemployment
(d) The current yearly status unemployment

Which of the option/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) Only (a) (2) (a) and (c) (3) Only (d) (4) (b) and (d)

66. Consider the following statements:

(a) The theory of comparative costs is propounded by Adam Smith.
(b) Reciprocal Demand Theory which explains the determination of terms of trade.
(c) Dennis Robertson described foreign trade as “An Engine of growth”.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) (a) and (c) (4) All of the above
67. Which of the following sources of irrigation in India has made spectacular progress in 2007-08?

(1) Canals and ponds (Tanks)
(2) Wells and Tube well
(3) Jalyukta Shivar and Farm lakes (Shet tale)
(4) None of the above

68. Which of the following are major home countries of Multi National Corporations?

(1) China, Russia, Italy, Malaysia and Singapore
(2) France, Germany, Japan, U.K. and USA
(3) Mauritius, Brazil, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa
(4) None of these

69. Consider the following statements:

(a) NAFED is the apex co-operative marketing organisation at the National level.
(b) Centre for Agriculture Marketing was established in 1988.
(c) Central warehousing corporation was setup in 1957.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)
(2) (b) and (c)
(3) only (a)
(4) All of the above
70. Which of the following describes a system of land revenue in which the responsibility of paying land revenue was laying with the cultivator?

(1) Zamindari System
(2) Ryotwari System
(3) Mahalwari System
(4) Contract Farming System

71. Under Targeted Public Distribution system, each poor family was entitled to kg, of food grain at highly subsidised prices.

(1) 20
(2) 15
(3) 10
(4) 5

72. Which of the following focuses on women’s opportunities rather than capabilities?

(1) Human Development Index
(2) Human Poverty Index
(3) Gender Empowerment Measure
(4) Poverty Gap Index

73. Which of the following is not an objective of Agreement on Agriculture announced under Uruguay Round of WTO?

(1) Providing access to global markets for agricultural products.
(2) Regulating domestic support to agriculture.
(3) Reducing export subsidies to agriculture.
(4) Encouraging modern methods of farming.
74. Consider the following statements about Green GDP.

(a) The concept of Green GDP evolved in 1990.
(b) It attempts to factor in the cost of depleted natural resources and pollution which ultimately affect human welfare.
(c) China had started calculating its Green GDP from 2000.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (c)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) (a) and (b)  (4) None of these

75. Consider the following statements:

(a) The National Horticulture mission has been launched by Govt. of India in 2005-06.
(b) Maharashtra State Horticulture and Medicinal Plant Board was established in 2005.
(c) From 2015-16, the Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture is implement in 50 district.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) only (a)  (2) only (b)  (3) only (c)  (4) (a) and (b)
76. खालील विषयांना विचारात या.
(a) भरतातील यंजाप हे मस्क्याव्याचार गाठू उत्पादन करणारे रत्न आहे.
(b) भरतातील मथ्यु प्रदेश हे सर्वांच्या मानसात प्रभावाचे उत्पादन करणारे रत्न आहे.
(c) भरतातील महाराष्ट्र हे कामसारे प्रमुख उत्पादन करणारे रत्न आहे.
(d) भरतातील पश्चिम बंगाल हे उत्सर्गाचे मुख्य उत्पादन करणारे रत्न आहे.

यापेक्षी कोणतीत/ती विचारण/ने चुकून आहे/त? 
(1) (a) व (b) (2) (c) व (d) (3) फक्त (b) (4) फक्त (d)

Consider the following statements:
(a) Punjab is the major wheat producing state in India.
(b) Madhya Pradesh is leading in production of pulses in India.
(c) Maharashtra is the principle producer state of cotton in India.
(d) West Bengal is the Major sugar-cane producing state in India.

Which of these statement/s is/are incorrect? 
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (c) and (d) (3) only (b) (4) only (d)

77. खालील विषयांना विचारात या.
(a) दुध विकास आणि पशुधनाची उत्तम नीपण साठी राष्ट्रीय कार्यक्रम 2014 मध्ये सुरू केला.
(b) ए.पी.वी.बी.डी.डी. व्यूमुख्यजाणकारी 12 व्या 2000 कोटी रुपयांची अंदाजपत्रकीय तत्त्वादी केली.
(c) राष्ट्रीय दुध योजना मार्च 2013 मध्ये सुरू केली.

कोणत्याही कोणते/ती विचारण/ने चुकून आहे/त?
(1) (a) आणि (b) (2) फक्त (b) (3) (a) आणि (c) (4) फक्त (c)

Consider the following statements:
(a) National programme for Bovine Breeding and Dairy Development was launched in 2014.
(b) The budgetary provision of ₹ 2000 crore has been provided for implementation of NPBBDD during 12th plan.
(c) National Dairy plan was launched in March 2013.
Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?
(1) (a) and (b) (2) only (b) (3) (a) and (c) (4) only (c)

कच्च्या कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
78. Consider the following statements.

(a) According to the Theory of Demographic Transition in the First stage, birth and death rates are high.

(b) In the second stage of demographic transition population increases at an annual rate of about 2.0 percent or more.

(c) In the third stage of demographic transition the birth rate declines significantly and thus the rate of population growth remains low.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)    (2) (b) and (c)    (3) (a) and (c)    (4) All of the above

79. Consider the following statements:

(a) Livestock census started in the country in the year 1919.

(b) India ranks first among the world’s milk producing nations.

(c) Dairy Entre-preneurship Development scheme was launched in Sept. 2014.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) (a) and (b)    (2) only (b)    (3) only (c)    (4) (b) and (c)
80. खालील प्रश्नातील कोणते गंत करावेने प्रमुख उद्देश्य होते?

(1) आंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापारमध्ये स्पर्श कमी करणे.
(2) अत्यधिक सुरक्षा प्राप्त करणे.
(3) आंतरराष्ट्रीय संबंध सुधारणे.
(4) आंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापारांतरील बंधने दूर अथवा कमी करते स्पर्श प्रोत्साहन देणे.

Which of the following was the main objective of GATT?

(1) To reduce competition in International Trade
(2) To attain food security
(3) To improve inter-state relations
(4) To ensure competition in international trade through removal or reduction of trade barriers

81. खालील विधाने विचारात च्या:

(a) दुध उत्पादनात भारताचा जगात पहिल्या क्रमांकाचा वापर.
(b) राष्ट्रीय दुध योजनेचा पहिल्या टप्प्या मार्च 2013 मध्ये सुरु झाला.
(c) दुध उत्पादन क्षेत्र हा जगातील कुटुंबसाठीचा महत्त्वाचा उत्पादक आहे.

वरीलप्रमाणे कोणते/ली विधान/नेचुक आहे/त?

(1) फक्त (a) (2) फक्त (c) (3) (a) व (c) दोन्ही (4) फक्त (b)

Consider the following statements:

(a) India ranks first in the world in milk production.
(b) National Dairy plan phase I is launched in March 2013.
(c) Dairy sector is the important secondary source of income for rural families.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect?

(1) only (a) (2) only (c) (3) both (a) and (c) (4) only (b)
Consider the following statements:
(a) The ASEAN Free Trade Area was established on 28 January 1992.
(b) Since 2007, ASEAN countries have gradually lowered the import duties to member nations.
(c) The target was to reach zero import duties by 2020.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are incorrect.
(1) (a) and (b) (2) only (a) (3) (b) and (c) (4) only (c)

Consider the following statements:
(a) Commission for Agricultural Prices and costs replaced Agricultural prices committee.
(b) Food corporation of India replaced Agricultural Prices Commission.

Which of the above statement/s is/are correct?
(1) both (a) and (b) (2) only (a) (3) only (b) (4) none of the above
According to David Ricardo, countries should produce and export the commodities based on which of the following principles?

(1) Absolute Cost Advantage Principle
(2) Comparative Cost Advantage Principle
(3) Equal Cost Advantage Principle
(4) Realistic Cost Advantage Principle

Consider the following statements:

(a) The National forest policy is implemented since 1988.
(b) The Forest Conservation Act was enacted in 1980.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) Only (b)  (2) Only (a)  (3) Both (a) and (b)  (4) None of these

“A graph reflecting the concept that pollution and other environmental degradation first rise and then falls with increase in income per capita” was introduced by which of the following persons?

(1) Alfred Marshall  (2) J.M. Keynes
(3) Paul Samulson  (4) Kuznets
87. The South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) was founded in which year?

(1) 1969  (2) 1972  (3) 1980  (4) 1985

88. NAFTA as a regional trade agreement was signed by which of the following countries?

(1) USA, Mexico and Netherlands  (2) USA, Canada and Netherlands
(3) USA, Canada and Mexico  (4) USA, UK (England) and USSR

89. The New Agriculture Policy (2000) is known as Rainbow Revolution because:

(a) It includes Green revolution, White revolution and Blue revolution.
(b) Under this policy the technology for artificial rain was developed in India.

Which of the above reason/s is/are correct?

(1) (a) only  (2) (b) only  (3) Both (a) and (b)  (4) None of the above

90. Consider the following statements:

(a) The main objective of the Regional Rural Banks (RRBs) is to provide credit and other facilities to the small farmers.
(b) They are basically scheduled commercial banks.

Which of the above statement/s is/are correct?

(1) only (a)  (2) only (b)  (3) both (a) and (b)  (4) None of the above

कल्याण कामासाठी जगा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
91. Which of the following statements is not true about agricultural subsidies?

1. Fertiliser subsidy is borne by the state governments.
2. Power subsidy is borne by the state governments.
3. One of the objectives of fertiliser subsidy is to attract more capital to fertiliser industry.
4. Low price of canal water, due to irrigation subsidy has led to inefficient use of surface water.

92. Following are the statements about Targeted Public Distribution System (TPDS):

(a) It divides entire population into BPL and APL.
(b) It works with dual pricing system.
(c) Maximum income level of families under BPL was ₹25,000 p.a.
(d) State governments were to decide the size of the population below poverty line.

Which of the above statements are true?

1. All the statements
2. (a) and (b)
3. (a) and (c)
4. (a) and (d)
93. Which of the following explains the stock of people equipped with education, skills, good health?

(1) Labour force  (2) Human capital  
(3) Social capital  (4) Productive labour force

94. Which of the following is not the part of foreign capital?

(1) Foreign Aid  (2) External Commercial Borrowing  
(3) Investment by Multinational Corporations  (4) Investment in Non-performing Assets

95. Consider the following statements:

(a) The National Committee on Environmental planning and co-ordination was setup in 1972 in India.
(b) The Department of Environment was established in 1980.
(c) Sustainable development can be achieved only if the Environment is conserved and improved.

Which of the statement/s given above is/are correct?

(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  
(3) (a) and (c)  (4) All of the above
96. The minimum support price approved by the government for the kharif 2016-17 season was ________ for common paddy.
   (1) 1470  (2) 1310  (3) 1360  (4) 1410

97. APEDA was setup in the year 1972 to undertake the promotional work relating to the export of marine product.
   (1) APEDA  (2) MPEDA  (3) CACP  (4) NCDC

98. Agricultural Refinance and Development Corporation (ARDC) was established on July 1, 1963 primarily to meet ________.
   (1) Short term credit supply  (2) Medium term credit supply
   (3) Long term credit supply  (4) All types of credit supply

99. Agricultural Price Commission was set up on the recommendation of the ________.
   (1) Foodgrains prices committee  (2) Food corporation of India
   (3) NAFED  (4) APEDA

100. Introduction of new technique of agriculture became popular by name “Green Revolution” around the world in early 1960s in which the first crop introduced was ________.
    (1) Rice  (2) Wheat  (3) Jowar  (4) Bajara
101. Pratisthak Shetak-vasathi 'Mudda Aaroeya Patrika' (SHC) ha yojanecha sukhagam bha. patarpredhavaya harase dir. _________
Rojari suratgarh, rajasthan yeche karunyata aala.

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Soil Health Card for every farmers was inaugurated by Hon. P.M. at Suratgarh, Rajasthan on _________.

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102. Pahlila va bhaal trikas vihanna "Ekaatimik balivikas eva karunyam" (ICDS) ban _________ madhye karunyata kele.

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The "Integrated Child Development Services Programme (ICDS)," Development by Department of women and child was implemented in the year _________.

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103. Pradhmantra jana am yojanecha pahlila tatha ase kongta karvanthe samuhpanjya yeche.

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_________ period is considered as phase-I of Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana.

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104. 2016-17, Kendriya arthasamaja sanathan samvartikar vartak navaabaidbhav anaraiti dirvaikaleen sanvartikar nivah (LTIF) mohan suratvaliya r _________ kothi iktha nivah upalabhy karuny hila.

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The 2016-17 Union budget make a breaking announcement in the sector of irrigation-setting up of Long Term Irrigation Fund (LTIF) in NABARD with an initial corpus of r _________ crore.

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105. कौना मण्डल एक किलोग्राम फ़ाष्ट्याचे मात्रानुसार एक डिग्री वाधावासाठी लग्नारी ऊष्ण करते?

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<td>25 डिग्री सेल्सियस</td>
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“Calorie is the amount of heat needed to raise the temperature of one kilogram of water through one degree at ________.”

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>15° (degree) celcius</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>20° celcius</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>25° celcius</td>
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106. सन 2010-2011 च्या कृषी जनगणनेनुसार भारतातील शेत जमीन धारकांची संख्या ________ तरी होती.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>138.35 दराश्लेष</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>113.26 दराश्लेष</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>120.78 दराश्लेष</td>
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According to 2010-2011 Agriculture census, the total number of operational holdings was ________.

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>138.35 million</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>113.26 million</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>120.78 million</td>
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107. महाराष्ट्र राष्ट्रीय वर्ण पंचनंदवार्ता तरंग कर्ज योजनेनुसार लेकांना प्रीत प्रदान करणे पर्याय ए.पी.एम.सी. गोठामध्ये त्याच्या उपयोगानावर ________ टक्के एवढे कर्ज मिळवावे.

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>60%</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>75%</td>
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Under the pledge loan scheme of MSAMB the farmers keep his produce in the APMC godown and gets ________ per cent of the value of loan.

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>60%</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>90%</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>75%</td>
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108. भारत सरकारने पुनर्निर्मित सार्वजनिक वितरण व्यवस्था (Revamped PDS), ही योजना 1 जानेवारी 1992 मध्ये खालीलून उद्घाटन घोषावली केली.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>निभावणारी गोठामधील लेकांना प्रीत वयस्क प्रीत महिना तराकांक प्रमाणान्तर अलंकार पुरवठा करणे</td>
<td></td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>दातादारेपुर्ण उपयोगानावर तराकांक प्रमाणान्तर अलंकार पुरवठा करणे</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>दातादारेपुर्ण उपयोगानावर त्याच्या पूर्णांकाने अन्य भाषा पुरवठा करणे</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>वरीलपैकी कोणतेही नाही</td>
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Revamped Public Distribution System was launched by Government of India on 1st January 1992 with objective ________.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>To ensure minimum availability of food grains per adult per month in the identified area</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>To provide minimum availability of food grains to the people below poverty line</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>To provide required quantity of food grains to the people below poverty line</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>None of the above</td>
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कृपया कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
109. अग्रिकल्चरां उंट प्रोडसेक्ट प्रूड प्रोडक्ट्स एक्सपोर्ट डेवल्पमेंट ऑर्गानिजेशन (APEDA) या संस्थेचे प्रमुख कार्यक्षमता या स्थानातील आहे.

(1) नवी दिल्ली (2) मुंबई (3) चेन्नई (4) बंगलूरू

The Head Office of the “Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority (APEDA)” is located at __________.

(1) New Delhi (2) Mumbai (3) Chennai (4) Bangaluru

110. भारतीय कृषी अनुसंधान परिषदेचे (ICAR) हरितक्रांतीच्या संस्थाने व ताज्जूक सुधारणेत महत्वाची भूमिका बजावली असून त्यामुळे अनन्य उत्पादनांचे उत्पादनातुमे __________ पट वाढ सन 1951-2014 या कालावधीमध्ये झाली आहे.

(1) 5 (2) 7.8 (3) 9.5 (4) 12

ICAR has played a pioneering role in Green revolution through its research and technology development enable the country to increase of food grain by __________ since 1951 to 2014.

(1) 5 (2) 7.8 (3) 9.5 (4) 12

111. खालील किंवा किंवा विचारत च्या.

(a) क्रेशनास्थ चार्ल्स नेरांचा अमेरिकन II ह्या भुजाक्ष्या मध्यम क्रेशनाचा पल्ला 2000 कि.मी. पेप्पा जाताने आहे.

(b) क्रेशनास्थाने पुनर्बऱ्यावर बाह्य हे कार्यक्रम-कार्यक्रम संयुक्तात्साहून तयार केलेले असून, ते 3000 डिग्री पर्यंत तापमान सहन करू शकते.

बरळ्याची कुटुंब विधान/विधान योग्य आहे?

(1) फक्त (a) (2) फक्त (b) (3) दोन्ही (a) व (b) (4) कुटुंबी नाही

Consider the following statements:

(a) Agni II is a surface to surface intermediate range missile that can carry nuclear weapons and has a range more than 2000 km.

(b) The missile reentry vehicle is made with carbon-carbon composites, to withstand high temperatures up to 3000 degrees Celsius.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

(1) Only (a) (2) Only (b) (3) Both (a) and (b) (4) Neither (a) nor (b)

112. भारताने 2014 ते 2017 मध्ये GSAT-14, GSAT-9, GSAT-6, INSAT-3DR उपयोगात वेगवेगळ्या GSLV द्वारे प्रक्षेपित केलेले आहेत. त्यापैकी __________ हे 05 मे 2017 रोजी सतिया धवन अबका भंडूर प्रेम केशव निलोकलकता आले होते.

(1) GSAT-6 (2) GSAT-9 (3) GSAT-14 (4) INSAT-3DR

India has launched GSAT-14, GSAT-9, GSAT-6, INSAT-3DR by different GSLV from 2014 to 2017. Out of these, __________ was launched on 05 May 2017 from Satish Dhawan Space Centre.

(1) GSAT-6 (2) GSAT-9 (3) GSAT-14 (4) INSAT-3DR

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
113. जेस्भा अणुमूलककरण कॉंट्रोल रोड्स चाल्यावली येतात तेस्ता के [K] हा मल्टीप्लिफिकेशन फांक्टर ________ होतो.

(1) 0  (2) > 1  (3) 1  (4) < 1

When control rods are inserted into the reactor, [K] (multiplication factor) becomes.

(1) 0  (2) > 1  (3) 1  (4) < 1

114. 'आणिक हिंदिया' ही संज्ञा _________ हे दर्शविले.

(1) अणुभुत्यथांसाठी आणिक इंधनाची अनुपातता
(2) पृथ्वीचा उत्तर ध्रुवावर्त अत्यधिक, बिटा व गॅमा किरणांचा जमाव
(3) एखाद्या मोठ्या आणिक युद्धामुळे पर्यावरणाचा बदलने तापमानात घट होणे
(4) 'परमाणु कुच्च' या शब्दाना समानार्थी शब्द

The term “Nuclear Winter” refers to ________.

(1) Unavailability of nuclear fuel for nuclear reactors
(2) Accumulation of α, β and γ-rays near the north pole of the earth
(3) Drop in temperature as an environmental effect due to a major nuclear war
(4) It is a synonymous of ‘nuclear waste’

115. उज्जेंद्रे एका प्रकारातून दुसर्या प्रकारात रूपांतर होताना _________ हा बदल होतो.

(1) कमी दर्जेदार उज्जेंद्रे सोताचे जास्त दर्जेदार उज्जेंद्रे सोतात रूपांतर होते.
(2) जास्त दर्जेदार उज्जेंद्रे सोताचे कमी दर्जेदार उज्जेंद्रे सोतात रूपांतर होते.
(3) उज्जेंद्रे सोताचा दर्जेदार काहीही फक्त पडत नाही.
(4) उज्जेंद्रे सोताचा दर्जेदार काही वेळा उंचावतो तर काही वेळा खालवतो.

Energy Conversion from one form to another transforms ________.

(1) Low-quality energy resource to high-quality energy resource
(2) High-quality energy resource to low-quality energy resource
(3) Quality of the energy resource remains unaffected
(4) Sometimes quality of energy resource improves and sometimes degrades

116. उच्चस्तरीय आणिक कच्चा (Nuclear waste) हा खालीलप्रमाणे एका पर्यायमुळे तयार होतो:

(1) प्रयोगांशा  (2) उद्योग
(3) अणुभूती  (4) आणिक इंधन सायकल

High level nuclear waste is generated from one of the following:

(1) Laboratory  (2) Industry
(3) Reactor  (4) Nuclear Fuel Cycle
117. खालील विधाने विचारात घ्या:

(a) क्रायोजेनिक इंजिन, अतिशय कमी तापमानावर द्रवरूप ओक्सिजन व द्रवरूप हाइड्रोजनचा वापर करतात.

(b) हे तंत्रज्ञान जड द्रवणवृत्तिः उपप्राप्त असून सिंक्रोनस ट्रांसफर कक्षेमध्ये [Geosynchronous transfer orbit] प्रवेश करण्यास उपयुक्त ठरते.

वरीलप्रमाणे कुठले विधान/विधाने चूक आहेत?

(1) फक्त (a)  (2) फक्त (b)
(3) दोघी (a) व (b)  (4) दोघी चूक नाहीत

Consider the following statements:

(a) Cryogenic Engines use liquid oxygen and liquid hydrogen at very low temperatures.

(b) This technology is needed to put heavier communication satellites in a geosynchronous transfer orbit.

Which of the above statements is are wrong?

(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)
(3) Both (a) and (b)  (4) Neither (a) nor (b)

118. इसरो (ISRO) ने श्रीहरिकोटा, आंध्रप्रदेश येथून एकाच रकेट द्वारे _______ प्रक्षेपणात विस्तार केला. 2017 मध्ये प्रस्तावित केला.

(1) 101 उपग्रहे  (2) 102 उपग्रहे  (3) 103 उपग्रहे  (4) 104 उपग्रहे

ISRO launched _______ on a single rocket from Sriharikota, Andhra Pradesh and made a World record in February 2017.

(1) 101 satellites  (2) 102 satellites  (3) 103 satellites  (4) 104 satellites

कच्च्या कापासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
119. As far as space science is concerned, which of the following sentences are not true?

(a) The geo-synchronous period of a spacecraft around the earth is 24 hrs.
(b) The velocity of a spacecraft to escape the influence of earth’s gravity must be more than or equals to 11.2 km/s.
(c) To reach Mars, a spacecraft must be launched at 11.8 km/s in the same direction the earth moves around the sun.
(d) To reach Venus, a spacecraft must be launched at 11.8 km/s in a direction opposite to the direction the earth moves around the sun.

Answer options:
(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (d)  (3) (b) and (c)  (4) None

120. Which one of the followings describes the proper nuclear fission reaction?

(1) $^{238}\text{U}_{92} + ^{1}n_{0} \rightarrow ^{144}\text{Ba}_{56} + ^{92}\text{Kr}_{36} + 3^{1}n_{0}$
(2) $^{235}\text{U}_{92} + ^{1}n_{0} \rightarrow ^{141}\text{Ba}_{56} + ^{92}\text{Kr}_{36} + 3^{1}n_{0}$
(3) $^{238}\text{U}_{92} + ^{1}n_{0} \rightarrow ^{141}\text{Ba}_{56} + ^{92}\text{Kr}_{36} + 6^{1}n_{0}$
(4) $^{235}\text{U}_{92} + ^{1}n_{0} \rightarrow ^{139}\text{Ba}_{56} + ^{92}\text{Kr}_{36} + 5^{1}n_{0}$

Answer:
(1) $^{238}\text{U}_{92} + ^{1}n_{0} \rightarrow ^{144}\text{Ba}_{56} + ^{92}\text{Kr}_{36} + 3^{1}n_{0}$
121. When $^{235}_{92}$U undergoes fission, about 0.1 percent of the original mass is released as energy. How much energy is released when 1 kg of $^{235}_{92}$U undergoes fission?

(1) $9 \times 10^{11}$ J  
(2) $9 \times 10^{13}$ J  
(3) $9 \times 10^{12}$ J  
(4) $9 \times 10^{14}$ J

122. 'जी.एस.ए.टी. - 9' या उपग्रहाच्या संदर्भात खालीलप्रकी कोणते विधान असत्य आहे?

(1) सदर उपग्रहाचे प्रक्रियेत 'हसो' ने 2017 मध्ये केले.  
(2) या उपग्रहाचे 'दक्षिण आशिया उपग्रह' असेही म्हणतात.  
(3) हा एक पृथ्वीच्या कक्षेत फिरणारा, दृष्टीविज्ञान व हवामान विषयक माहिती देणारा उपग्रह आहे.  
(4) पाकिस्तान सहीत सर्वथा दक्षिण आशियाच्या देश या प्रक्रियाचे सामर्थ्य आहेत.

Which one of the following statements is incorrect about GSAT - 9 satellite?

(1) It was launched in 2017 by ISRO  
(2) It is also called as “South Asia Satellite”.  
(3) It is a geosynchronous communication and meteorology satellite  
(4) All South Asian countries including Pakistan are the members of the project

123. कोणत्याही विलक्कांद हायड्रोकार्बन तथा प्रक्रियेस खालील पर्यायप्रकी काय म्हणतात?

(1) विलक्कांदन  
(2) कार्बनेशन  
(3) केंट्रॉनीक कॅननेशन  
(4) क्रॅकिंग

The process that converts solid coal into liquid hydrocarbon fuel is called:

(1) Liquification  
(2) Carbonation  
(3) Catalytic conversion  
(4) Cracking

124. खालीलप्रकी कोणते सौर ऊर्जेचे अप्रत्यक्ष स्वरूप आहे?

(1) जैवमुख्य, वातावरण, समुद्रिय आणि जलवायु  
(2) जैवमुख्य, वातावरण, समुद्रिय आणि जलवायु  
(3) जैवमुख्य, समुद्रिय आणि जलवायु  
(4) वातावरण, आणि जलवायु, समुद्रिय आणि जलवायु

Which of the following are the indirect form of solar energy?

(1) Biomass, Wind, Ocean thermal, Nuclear  
(2) Biomass, Wind, Ocean thermal, Hydel  
(3) Biomass, Ocean thermal, Nuclear, Hydel  
(4) Wind, Nuclear, Hydel, Ocean thermal

काच्या कायासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
125. Pokhran II was the second Indian Nuclear test conducted the explosions of series of nuclear bomb between 11 - 13 May 1998.

(1) Three (2) Four (3) Five (4) Six

126. Which of the following means hacker may use to know your password to break into your system?

(1) Dictionary words (2) Brute - Force method (3) Key - Logger attacks (4) All of the above

127. Full form of ERP is:

(1) Extended Research Program (2) Enterprise Resource Planning
(3) Employee Resource Process (4) Enterprise Research Planning

128. Which of the following pair describing transmission medium and signal used in Computer Networking is correct?

(1) Copper - electrical, fibre optic - light (2) Copper - magnetic, fibre optic - electrical
(3) Copper - electrical, fibre optic - magnetic (4) Copper - light, fibre optic - electrical
129. Which of the following protocol provides reliable communication?

(1) TCP  (2) ARP  (3) UDP  (4) All of the above

130. ‘सक्षम’ (Saksham) आपल्यांना सांगलेल्या व्यवस्थापन प्रणाली भारतात सर्वप्रथम _________ या राज्यात राष्ट्रीय गैरेली गेली.

(1) मध्य प्रदेश  (2) आंध्र प्रदेश  (3) उत्तर प्रदेश  (4) करोडे लॅक्चर नाथी

‘Saksham’ online scholarship management system is implemented in _________ state for the first time.

(1) Madhya Pradesh  (2) Andhra Pradesh  (3) Uttar Pradesh  (4) None of these

131. भारतीय फार्मूस्येंटिकल उद्योगांना कायमच्या केलेला वस्तु व सेवा कर हा _________ तरील.

(1) नकारात्मक  (2) कोणताही वर्तन नसेले  (3) अगदी अधिकतम वर्तनाने  (4) सकारात्मक

The newly implemented goods and service tax would _________ affect the Indian Pharmaceutical Industry.

(1) Negatively  (2) NOT  (3) Hardly  (4) Positively

132. ‘जैविक-किसान’ नवाचा उच्चम हा विज्ञान व तंत्रज्ञान मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार द्वारा पुढील आहे. ज्ञानधीर ‘किसान’ हा साध _________ हा अथवा संपूर्णता आहे.

(1) कृषि इन्नोवेशन सायन्स अंपलेक्सन नेटवर्क  (2) कृषि इन्नोवेशन सॉसेंट अंपलेक्सन नेटवर्क  (3) कपास इम्प्रोवेजन प्रोग्रेसन सायन्टिफिक अंपलेक्सन नेटवर्क  (4) कलाम इन्नोवेशन जीडी अंपलेक्सन नेटवर्क

The ministry of Science and Technology, Govt of India has been in a fore - front of an initiative called as Biotech-KISAN. The word ‘KISAN’ in this program stands for _________.

(1) Krishi Innovation Science Application Network  (2) Kisan Invention Seed Association Network  (3) Kapas Improvisation Scientific Analysis Network  (4) Kalam Initiative Seed Analysis Network

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
133. (I) मधील वनस्पती रोगांच्या जोडणा (II) मधील त्यांच्या योग्य प्रवत्कारकांका सोबत जोडणा:

(I) (II)
(a) बटाट्यावर फळस्लोक अंगक्ष्य (i) अटर्नारिया सोलानी
(b) फलपुष्प वायुविक्रम गाय (ii) निकोटियाना विशाल 10
(c) टोमेटोच्या पपणी वक्रां (iii) मायकॉप्लास्मा
(d) पपडीच्या गुळापुळ रोग (iv) अग्रोबॅक्टीरियम टुमेफेसियन्स

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
(2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(3) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
(4) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)

Match the plant disease (I) with their causative agent (II):

(I) (II)
(a) Early blight of potato (i) Alternaria Solani
(b) Crown gall of plum (ii) Nicotiana virus 10
(c) Leaf curl of tomato (iii) Mycoplasma
(d) Bunchy top of papaya (iv) Agrobacterium tumefaciens

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)
(2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(3) (iv) (i) (iii) (ii)
(4) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)

134. (गाईच्या कृत्रिम वीर्यसंचारसाठी वापरलेल्या) कृत्रिम वीर्य संचारात तयार केलेल्या तापमान ———— मध्ये असावे लागते.

(1) 35 - 37°C (2) 28 - 30°C (3) 40 - 45°C (4) 37 - 40°C

The inside temperature of the artificial Vagina (used in artificial insemination) of cows should be ideally between ————

(1) 35 - 37°C (2) 28 - 30°C (3) 40 - 45°C (4) 37 - 40°C

135. खालीलप्रकारच्या नीचे सांख्यिकीय संचारांची पद्धत नाही.

(1) फायरक्रोइंजेक्शन (2) इलेक्ट्रोपोरेशन
(3) लेसरच्या सहायतेने ह.ए.ए. प्रणाली करणे (4) टी.आय. प्लास्मिड

One of the following is not a method for direct gene transfer:

(1) Microinjection (2) Electroporation
(3) Laser mediated DNA uptake (4) Ti plasmid

कऱ्याच्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
Opaque-2 maize composite varieties developed by ICAR are rich in ________ and ________.

(1) Lysine and tryptophan
(2) Alanine and Glycine
(3) Tyrosine and Aspargin
(4) Serine and Cystine

Which of the following statement/s is/are true?

(a) Polio viruses are spread predominantly by the fecal-oral route
(b) Tuberculosis cannot be transmitted by milk or food
(c) Kala-azar could be contracted via bite of sand fly
(d) Athlete’s foot is a disease caused by worms

Answer options:

(1) (a) and (d)
(2) (a) and (c)
(3) only (d)
(4) only (c)

A seedless variety of watermelon developed by Indian Institute of Horticultural research has been named as ________.

(1) Shweta Seedless
(2) Arka Madhura
(3) Rasaraj
(4) Goma Keerthi

India’s first 2G Ethanol plant was set in ________.

(1) Karnataka
(2) Maharashtra
(3) Uttarakhand
(4) Hyderabad
140. Which of the following property/ies could be attributed adult stem cells?

(a) These are sourced from Embryo’s
(b) These can be taken from patient to avoid immune rejection problem
(c) Adult stem cells are not numerous in mature tissues
(d) Adult stem cells cannot repair tissue cells

Answer options:

(1) (a) and (c)  (2) (b) and (d)  (3) only (a)  (4) (b) and (c)

141. Which of the following is not an example of fungal biopesticide?

(1) Trichoderma  (2) Metarhizium anisopliae
(3) Agaricus silvaticus  (4) Beauveria bassiana

142. ‘चीज’ वनवष्याच्या प्रक्रियेमध्ये _________ झा एका प्रकारच्या जीवांच्या वापर केला जातो.

(1) सक्रोम्यस्यस्य स्पीशस  (2) क्यम्योबाक्टर्स्यस्य स्पीशस
(3) स्ट्रेप्टोकोकस्यस्य स्पीशस  (4) अस्परिज्जलस्य स्पीशस

_______ are one of the type of bacteria that are used in the process of cheese making.

(1) Saccharomyces spp  (2) Camylobacter spp
(3) Streptococcus spp  (4) Aspergillus spp

143. _______ हे वनस्पतीमधील अग्राकुर प्रभावासाठी कारणीभूत असणारे संप्रेक्ष आहे.

(1) आक्सिझन  (2) ईथिलिन  (3) गिबबरेलिन  (4) सायटोकॅनिन

_______ is a Growth Regulator producing apical dominance in plant.

(1) Auxin  (2) Ethylene  (3) Gibberellin  (4) Cytokinin
144.  ________ हे वनस्पती उत्ती संवर्धनासाठी वापरले जाणारे सर्वसाधारण माध्यम आहे.
(1) हेग्लस माध्यम  (2) डी.पी.बी.एस.ए.
(3) सी.बी.एस.एस.  (4) एम.एस. माध्यम

_______ is the commonly used medium for plant tissue culture.
(1) Eagle's medium  (2) DPBSA
(3) HBSS  (4) MS medium

145. काव्ये,, सोना, रोहिणी इ. या भारतीय ________ काही उक्तक वाण आहेत.
(1) गावाच्या  (2) बाजरीच्या  (3) भालाच्या  (4) मक्खाच्या

Cauvery, Sona, Rohini etc. are some of the outstanding Indian ________ varieties.
(1) Wheat  (2) Bajra  (3) Rice  (4) Maize

146. 1986 मधील चर्मवीट अपूर्णांक प्रकाळ झालेला आपस्सात, खालीलप्रमाणे रशियातील कोणत्या राज्यात झाला?
(1) चुक्रेन स्टेट  (2) उड़रक्लेस्टान
(3) इस्टिनिया  (4) जर्मनिया

Chernobyl Atomic Power Plant disaster in 1986 took place in which of the following state of Russia?
(1) Ukraine State  (2) Uzbekistan
(3) Estonia  (4) Georgia

147. पुढील्यांची कोणते विधाने सोय आहेत?
(a) गुजरात मधील भूकंप भूकंप 26 जानेवारी 2002 मध्ये झाला.
(b) नैसर्गिक आपस्सीच्या परिणामांच्या न धोतस्फालक तीव्रता कमी करणे म्हणजे उपस्थित होय.

पर्यायी उत्तरे:
(1) केवळ (a)  (2) केवळ (b)
(3) दोन्ही (a) व (b)  (4) एक ही नाही

Which of the following statements are correct?
(a) Bhuj Earthquake of Gujrat accurred in 26 January 2002.
(b) To reduce the intensity and destructive effect means mitigation.

Answer options:
(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)
(3) Both (a) and (b)  (4) Neither

कवच्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
148. Which of the following rivers are causing disasters in Western India?

(a) Ganga and Brahmaputra (b) Narmada and Tapi
(c) Mahanadi and Godavari (d) Mahanadi and Tapi

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b) (2) only (b)
(3) (c) and (d) (4) only (d)

149. Which of the following disaster causes maximum damage in shortest time?

(a) Earthquake and Landslides (b) Earthquake and floods
(c) Landslides and hailstorms (d) Floods

Answer options:
(1) Only (a) (2) Only (a) and (b)
(3) Only (d) (4) All the above

150. Which of the following zone is seismically most active zone?

(1) Zone (I) (2) Zone (II) (3) Zone (V) (4) Zone (IV)

Answer options:
(1) (2) (3) (4)
नमुना प्रश्न

प्रश्न क्रमांक 201. संतीवी चाल लग जरण्यासीडी कोणी मूलतः जरण केलेले?

(1) स्वामी दयानंद सरस्वती
(2) ईश्वरचंद विज्ञानाराय
(3) राजा राममोहन राय
(4) गोपालकृष्ण गोपाल

3 2 4

प्र. क्र. 201. अशा पद्धतीने प्रत्येक प्रश्नपत्रकेलित प्रश्नपत्र कुट्याचू उत्तरक्रमांक द्वारे तुम्हाला स्वतंत्रता पुरविहारी प्रत्येक प्रश्नपत्रकेल लस्मिन व्याख्यात करणे दाखलीत्या आवश्यक आहे.

क्षमा कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK