पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपूर्तकेच्या अंतिम पृष्ठावर पहा
कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
1. _______ हो महाराष्ट्रातील पहिले राजकीय संगठन होतो.
   (1) इंडियन व्यापारी असोसिएशन
   (2) पुणे सार्वजनिक सभा
   (3) बॉम्बे असोसिएशन
   (4) भारतीय राष्ट्रीय कॉन्ग्रेस
   _______ was the First Political Association in Maharashtra.
   (1) East India Association
   (2) Poona Sarvajanik Sabha
   (3) Bombay Association
   (4) Indian National Congress

2. राजभार शेखर सेनेबक यांनी पुणे विद्यापीठात सुरवातीचा काळचा एक लाख रुपये _______ संस्थानातील दिले होते.
   (1) साँभर
   (2) कापूर
   (3) पुढे
   (4) लांडुख
   In the earlier period Raobahadur Shembekar had given rupees one lakh to the Pune University to carry out research on ________.
   (1) Sugar
   (2) Cotton
   (3) Jaggery
   (4) Rice

3. पंडिता रामबाईचा कैसे-ए-हिंद किताब का देण्यात आले?
   (1) त्यांनी खिसकी धर्म रिवॉकरला फ्हून
   (2) त्यांच्या स्वतः शिक्षण कार्याचा गोष्ट करण्यासाठी
   (3) तुकांक्रमात त्यांनांना आश्रय दिला म्हणून
   (4) रामबाई असोसिएशन स्थापन केले म्हणून
   Why was Pandita Ramabai given Kaiser-I-Hind award?
   (1) She accepted Christianity
   (2) To appreciate her work for woman education
   (3) She gave shelter to famine affected ladies
   (4) She started Ramabai Association

4. _______ यांनी 1865 मध्ये विध्वा विवाह उत्तरक मंडळ स्थापन केले.
   (1) म.गो. रामदेव आणि विष्णुशास्त्री पंडित
   (2) धों.के. कवी आणि विष्णुशास्त्री पंडित
   (3) गोपाल गोखळे आणि धों.के. कवी
   (4) धों.के. कवी आणि पंडिता रामबाई
   _______ Founded the Vidhva Vivaha Uttejak Mandal in 1865.
   (1) M.G. Ranade and Vishnushastri Pandit
   (2) D.K. Karve and Vishnushastri Pandit
   (3) Gopal Gokhale and D.K. Karve
   (4) D.K. Karve and Pandita Ramabai

कच्च्या कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK P.T.O.
5. Since 1933, who from the following run the Indian Peasants' Institute at Nidobrolu to train peasants to become active Workers of the peasant movement?

(1) T. Prakasam  (2) P. Krishna Pillai  
(3) N.G. Ranga  (4) R.D. Bhardwaj

6. ________ is known as 'Magna Carta' of Modern Indian Education.

(1) Hunter Commission 1882  (2) Wood's despatch 1854  
(3) University Act 1904  (4) Lord Macaulay's proposal 1835

7. ________ was commonly known as Vishnubuwa Brahmachari.

(1) Vishnushastri Pandit  (2) Vishnushastri Chipalkar  
(3) Vishnu Shiravadkar  (4) Vishnu Bhikaji Gokhle

8. Who has written - 'Naivedya', 'Kheya' and 'Balaka'.

(1) Saratchandra Chatterjee  (2) Bankimchandra Chatterjee  
(3) Rabindranath Tagore  (4) Sunil Gangopadhyay

9. Which of the following colleges was established before the University of Bombay came into existence?

(1) ST. Xavier's College  (2) Elphinstone College  
(3) Wilson College  (4) ST. John College

कच्च्या कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
10. Which of the following buildings were designed by F.W. Stevens?
(a) Victoria Terminus (Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Terminus)
(b) Municipal Corporation Building
(c) The Royal Alfred Sailor's Home
(d) The Headquarters of Western Railway

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b) only
(2) (b) and (d) only
(3) (a) and (c) only
(4) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

11. Who was the First President of All India Muslim League?
(1) Barister Jinnah
(2) Sir Sayyad Ahmed Khan
(3) Agakhan
(4) Salimullah Khan

12. ________ was executive of Satyashodhak Samaj.
(1) Jotiba Phule
(2) Narayanrao Kadalak
(3) Gyanoba Sasane
(4) Vitthal Shinde

P.T.O.
13. Who wrote the book 'Maza Pravas'?

(1) Govind Balal Deval  (2) Baba Padmanandji
(3) Godse Bhatji       (4) Vishnudas Bhave

Who wrote the poem 'Jayatu Shivaji' in 1904?

(1) Veer Savarkar   (2) Lokmanya Tilak
(3) Ravindranath Tagore  (4) Bipinchandra Pal

15. 1920 मध्ये मुंबई स्थाने झालेले आल इंडिया ट्रेड युनियन कॉन्फ्रेंस येथे पाहिले अधिवेशन कोणत्या अध्यक्षेला पाहले?

(1) S.A. Dange   (2) Lala Lajpat Rai   (3) V.V. Giri   (4) N.M. Joshi

The first session of the All India Trade Union Congress held in Mumbai in 1920 was presided over by

(1) S.A. Dange   (2) Lala Lajpat Rai   (3) V.V. Giri   (4) N.M. Joshi

16. विश्व विश्वास धर्मप्रसार मार्ग व साधनाच्या उद्देश्याने आपली पारंपरिक धार्मिक पुस्तके छापली पाहिजे असा विचार करून _______ यांची ज्ञानेखिणी संस्थान आपल्याच्या प्रकाशन केली, ती पहिली छापील ज्ञानेखिणी होय.

(1) S.V. Shejwalkar   (2) Veer Savarkar
(3) Balshastri Jambhekar   (4) Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar

In order to reply the propaganda of religion by the Christian missionaries, _______ thought we have to print our traditional religious books, hence he published the researched edition of Dnyaneshwari. It was the first printed Dnyaneshwari.

(1) T.S. Shejwalkar   (2) Veer Savarkar
(3) Balshastri Jambhekar   (4) Dadoba Pandurang Tarkhadkar

कक्ष्या कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
17. Name the administrator of East India Company about whom the following sentences are written?

He was the Governor of Bombay.
He had Worked as a Resident at Poona.
He was Commissioner in the South.
He Knew strong points and weaknesses of the Marathi speaking people.

As the Resident at Poona he had closely observed the Peshwa administration.

(1) Mount Stuart Elphinstone (1819-27)
(2) Charles Metcalf
(3) Thomas Munro

18. Find out the odd pair:

(1) Bapuji Ane - Dharasan Satyagraha
(2) Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar - Mahad Satyagraha
(3) Senapati Bapat - Mulashi Satyagraha
(4) Sane Guruji - Pandharpur Satyagraha
19. The children's theatre movement in Marathi was started by _________.
(1) Sulbha Deshpande (2) Arvind Deshpande (3) Jyotsna Mohile (4) Sudha Karmarkar

20. Match the following:
(a) Gurakhi (i) Mumbai (2) Pratod (ii) Thane (3) Arunoday (iii) Satara (4) Vishwawritta (iv) Kolhapur

Codes:
(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i) (3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (4) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)

21. ________ worked for prevention of the Devadasi system with Vitthal Ramaji Shinde ________ worked for prevention of the Devadasi system with ________.  
(1) Shivram Janaba Kamble (2) B.R. Ambedkar (3) M .G. Ranade (4) Shahu Maharaj

Kaschya Kamaashaari jagaa / SPARE FOR ROUGH WORK
22. ________ हे आमुनिक काव्यतील पहिले मराठी नाटक होते.
   (1) गोपीचंद          (2) पाठवराज चेन्याचा
   (3) रामराज्यावियोग    (4) सीता स्वयंवर
   ________ was the First Marathi Play of Modern Times.
   (1) Gopichand          (2) Madhavrao Peshwa
   (3) Ramarajyaviyog     (4) Sita Swayamvar

23. खळील्यांची काळे सन्य गैराष्ट्रकारभाराचे निमित कल्पन ब्रिटीशांनी खाल्त्या केले?
   (1) नागपूर          (2) सातारा          (3) अच्छ व (4) झंशी
   Which of the following states was annexed by the British under the pretext of misgovernance?
   (1) Nagpur          (2) Satara          (3) Awadh          (4) Jhansi

24. अंधांसाठी पहिले शाखा 'बातमी सदन' ________ यांनी सुरू केले.
   (1) रमनारायण रानडे       (2) पंडिता रमनारायण
   (3) घो.के. कर्ण          (4) र.भो. कर्ण
   'Batmi Sadan', the first school for the Visually Challenged was started by:
   (1) Ramabai Ranade       (2) Pandita Ramabai
   (3) D.K. Karve           (4) R.D. Karve

25. पुढील वाचके कोणांचे नाव स्पष्ट होणारे आहेत?
   ते दिशाविषय बव्ही एम.ए. झाले.
   ते बैरिस्टर होण्यासाठी ते इंग्लैंडमध्ये गेले.
   ओक्सफोर्ड विद्यापीठात लाइंड कल्पन त्यांचा सहकारी होता.
   (1) दादाभाई नवरोजी       (2) जमशेदजी टटा
   (3) फिरोजशाह मेहता       (4) पिरोजशा गोदरेज
   About whom are the following sentences written?
   At the age of twenty he became M.A.
   He went to England to become a barrister.
   Lord Curzon was his colleague in Oxford University.
   (1) Dadabhai Naoroji       (2) Jamshedji Tata
   (3) Phirozshah Mehta        (4) Pirojsha Godrej

काल्पनिक कामांसाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
26. The _______ was started in 1920s against the corrupt Mahantas of Gurudwaras.

(1) Kuka Movement  (2) Namdhari Movement  
(3) Akali Movement  (4) Nirankari Movement

27. Match the following persons who were sent to Andaman in 1858 with their places of residence:

(a) Annu Nathu  (i) Pandharpur  
(b) Baban Jumal Khan  (ii) Nagar  
(c) Yadu Bagal  (iii) Mumbai  
(d) Pandu Bhorji  (iv) Satara

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)  
(2) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)  
(3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)  
(4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
28. Who from the following purchased a printing press for Satya Shodhak Samaj, by Spending 1200 rupees?

(1) Maya Karadi Lingu (2) Ramsheth Urvane
(3) Yanku Baloji Kalevar (4) Polsani Rajanna Lingu

29. In 1907 which of the following flags was hoisted by Smt. Madam Cama at World Communist Summit?

(1) Tricolour cloth having stars and a lotus
(2) Tricolour cloth having wheel and a lotus
(3) Tricolour cloth having stars and wheel
(4) Tricolour cloth having a wheel

30. The Marathi Play 'Kichakvadh' was banned by the British Government. To whom did Kichak represent in this play?

(1) Sir Valentine Chirol (2) Lord Dalhousie
(3) Brigadier General Dyer (4) Lord Curzon

31. What were the Bal Samaj, the Bandhav Samaj and the Samartha Shivaji Samaj?

(1) Gymnasiums (2) Social Organizations
(3) Revolutionary Organizations (4) Religious Organizations
32. Match the following:

(a) HS - 748
(b) Allouette Helicopters
(c) L - 70 anti-aircraft guns
(d) Shaktiman trucks

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
(3) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)

Germany
Sweden
France
UK
33. देशी फैक्ट्री के गठबंधन व्यक्तिगता हिंदू महासभेशी संबंध होते?

(a) रु.एन. मुकेर्जी
(b) लल चंद
(c) कासिम बाजारचे महाराज
(d) अ. भिमजी

पर्वती उत्तर:

(1) (a) आणि (b) फक्त
(2) (a), (b) आणि (c) फक्त
(3) (a), (b) आणि (d) फक्त
(4) (a), (b), (c) आणि (d)

Who from the following persons were associated with the Hindu Maha Sabha?

(a) U.N. Mukerji
(b) Lal Chand
(c) Maharaja of Kasim Bazar
(d) A. Bhimji

Answer options:

(1) (a) and (b) only
(2) (a), (b) and (c) only
(3) (a), (b) and (d) only
(4) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

34. लहराय एकतावर शर्ता करून आणि म.अ. जिन्हा यांनी राष्ट्रीय सर्वांनी आणि मुस्लिम लीग यांच्यात राजकीय कार्यकर्ते घडून आणण्याचा प्रयत्न केला.

(1) महात्मा गांधी
(2) लोकमाय ठिकक
(3) जवाहरलाल नेहरू
(4) स्वामी श्रीनद

_______ and M.A. Jinnah tried to bring political unity between the Congress and the Muslim League by Signing the Lucknow Pact.

(1) Mahatma Gandhi
(2) Lokmanya Tilak
(3) Jawaharlal Nehru
(4) Swami Shraddhananda

35. तिथिंदो म्हणजेच ओळखा:

(1) आश. एम. सायानी
(2) सद्य अहमद खान
(3) मिर मुशारफ हुसेन
(4) हमीद अली खान

Pick out the odd person from the following:

(1) R.M. Sayani
(2) Syed Ahmed Khan
(3) Mir Musharraf Hussain
(4) Hamid Ali Khan

कच्च्या कामासाठी जगा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
36. पुडौल्पेकी कोणत्या स्त्रियांनी चिमुरू येथे बैठी पद्धत्याना भेट दिली (1942) ?
(a) डॉ. (मिस.) वाल्कर (b) विमला अय्यर (c) रमाबाई तबे (d) तेवस्कर

प्रश्नांची उत्तरे:
(1) (a) आणि (d) फक्त (2) (b) आणि (c) फक्त
(3) (b) आणि (d) फक्त (4) (a), (b), (c) आणि (d)

Who from the following ladies did visit the victims at Chimur (1942) ?
(a) Dr. (Mrs.) Valazkar (b) Vimala Abhyankar (c) Ramabai Tambe (d) Devaskar

Answer options:
(1) (a) आणि (d) फक्त (2) (b) आणि (c) फक्त
(3) (b) आणि (d) फक्त (4) (a), (b), (c) आणि (d)

37. पूर्व गोदावरी जिल्हा, मद्रास येथे गांधीजींच्या पाहण्यासाठी आणि एकक्रमांकनाची स्थिरांचा एक गट आल होता. त्यांप्रमाणे या महिलेचे 'स्वतंत्रता संग्रामात' उडांच्या वेळेत.
(1) श्रीमती दुर्गाबाई देशमुख (2) श्रीमती दुवूंरी सुवामाम (3) श्रीमती अंबाज्ञमाल (4) श्रीमती मुहुलख्मी रेढ्यांत

In East Godavari District, Madras, a group of women gathered to meet and listen to Gandhi ________, a woman attendings jumped into the 'freedom struggle'.
(1) Shrimati Durgabai Deshmukh (2) Shrimati Duvvuri Subbamam (3) Shrimati Ambujammal (4) Shrimati Muthulakshmi Reddy

38. 1905 मध्ये 'यंग थिस्ट गुनियन' ची स्थापना पुडौल्पेकी कोणी केली?
(1) रा. गो. भाडारकर (2) म. गो. रानडे (3) वि. रा. शिंदे (4) ग. भा. महाके

Who from the following established a 'Young Theists Union' in 1905?
(1) R.G. Bhandarkar (2) M.G. Ranade (3) V.R. Shinde (4) G.B. Mhaske
39. ‘Rani Jhansi’ regiment had got the opportunity to go on the war front at ________.

(1) Mandalay (2) Maimola (3) Shan (4) Bago

40. Which of the following statement/statements about the Boundary Commission Award is/are true?

(a) Report of the Boundary Commission Award was ready by 12th August 1947.

(b) Mountbatten decided to make it public after Independence Day, so that the responsibility would not fall on the British.

Answer options:

(1) Only (a) is true (2) Only (b) is true (3) (a) and (b) are true (4) (a) and (b) are not true

41. ________ is India’s First National Laboratory.

(1) National Research Laboratory (2) National Physics Laboratory

(3) National Chemical Laboratory (4) National Botanical Laboratory
42. जोड़ो जवाब.
(a) राजारामशास्त्री भागवत
(b) नरहर बाळकुमार जोशी
(c) राजगोर पुरुषोत्तम पराङ्जापे
(d) गोपाल कृष्ण गोळाचे

पर्यायी उत्तरें:

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
(3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
(4) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)

Match the following:

(a) Rajaramshastri Bhagwat
(b) Narhar Balkrishna Joshi
(c) Wrangar Raghunath Purushottam Paranjapye
(d) Gopal Krishna Gokhale

(i) Founder of Maratha School
(ii) Karve helped him to come to Bombay for higher eduction
(iii) Was Karve’s classmate and a close friend
(iv) Invited karve to Fergusson college to teach mathematics

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
(3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
(4) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)

43. बंगालमधील मिदनापूर जिल्ह्यात जातिया सरकार काय 17 डिसेंबर 1942 रोजी जातियाजस्त जिल्ह्यात आले होते.
(1) बौद्ध (2) बंकुरा (3) दीनाजपूर (4) ताम्मुक

‘Jatiya Sarkar’ came into existance on 17th December 1942 at ______ in Midnapur district of Bengal.

(1) Birbhum (2) Bankura (3) Dinajpur (4) Tamluk

कक्षा कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
44. Vasukaka Joshi and his collaborators could go to _______ to acquire the knowledge of bomb manufacturing only through the good office of the King of Nepal.

(1) Germany  (2) Russia  (3) Japan  (4) China

45. Taking note of the loss of job of 228 girls from the Telephone Department of Mumbai, when a new machine was introduced, who from the following wrote in Socialist?

'(In Capitalist system the capitalists are using science and technology for their benefit ....... the new machine is a big problem faced by labour movements'.

(1) N.M. Joshi  (2) George Furnandis  (3) Comrade Randive  (4) Comrade Dange

46. Who is described in the following sentences?

(a) He was a Naga tribal.
(b) In 1960s he was the first Tried to seek the help of China.
(c) He had stayed four years in Yunnan.
(d) He was trained by People's Liberation Army.
(e) He was deeply impressed by the Cultural Revolution in China.

Answer options:
(1) Phizo  (2) Isaak Swu  (3) T. Muivah  (4) Thangkul Naga
47. The Second Annual Examination of the Native Female Schools in Poona was held on 12th February 1853. Who from the following was not present at that time at the place of the examination?

(1) Brigadiar Trydell (2) Mr. Cockburne
(3) Sirdar Apyasaheb Dhumdherry (4) Sirdar Abba Sahib Moozoomdar

48. Who wrote the articles ‘Marath Mola’ and ‘Marathmolyanchi Puravani’?

(1) Vishnushastri Chiplunkar (2) Vishnushastri Pandit
(3) Gopal Ganesh Agarkar (4) Gopal Hari Deshmukh

49. Which of the following religious reformist organizations influenced Shahu Maharaj most?

(1) Arya Samaj (2) Satyashodhak Samaj
(3) Brahmo Samaj (4) Prarthana Samaj

50. Shri N.M. Joshi was President of.

(1) Bombay Textile Labour Union (2) Girni Kamgar Union
(3) Hind Majdoor Sabha (4) Bharatiya Mazdoor Sangh

कच्च्हा कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
51. In 1953, after the death of _________ began the era of friendship between India and Soviet Union.

(1) Lenin (2) Czar Alexander I (3) Tortskiy (4) Stalin

52. Match the following:

(a) P.S. Bhinder (b) Ambika Soni (c) Ruksana Sultana (d) Jagmohan

(i) Senior Police Officer (ii) President of Youth Congress (iii) Socialite - Cum - Social Worker (iv) A key member of a coterie that had sprung up around Sanjay Gandhi

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)

(2) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

(3) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)

(4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
53. Which of the following novels was not written by Annabhau Sathe?

   (1) Chitra  (2) Bari  (3) Vair  (4) Ranganga

   Which of the following novels was not written by Annabhau Sathe?

   (1) Chitra  (2) Bari  (3) Vair  (4) Ranganga

54. Aryabandhav Samaj _______ χέθε ήτοτα.

   (1) Kolhapur  (2) Nagpur  (3) Aundh  (4) Pune

   Aryabandhav Samaj was at _______.

   (1) Kolhapur  (2) Nagpur  (3) Aundh  (4) Pune

55. _______ मध्यन दिने:नामांना बाहर कांड्यासाठी भारताने मोठी धुमका बजावली.

   (1) Laos  (2) ब्रिस्मस आयरलंड 4  एरिया 4  फिलाईपिन्स 4

   India played a major role in negotiating the Vietnamese withdrawal from _______.

   (1) Laos  (2) Christmas Islands  (3) Kampuchea  (4) Philippines

56. ‘सुखदायक राज्यप्रकरणी निबंध’ ही पुस्तिका कोणी लिहिली होती?

   (1) Mahadeo Govind Ranade  (2) Vishnubuva Brahmachari  (3) Gopal Hari Deshmukh  (4) Vishnushastri Chiplunkar

   Who wrote the booklet ‘Sukhadayak Rajyaparakarani Nibandha’?

   (1) Mahadeo Govind Ranade  (2) Vishnubuva Brahmachari  (3) Gopal Hari Deshmukh  (4) Vishnushastri Chiplunkar

57. जैक्सनविख्या खुदाशाला पुढीलप्रेकोणा कोणाला फाशी दिले नाही?

   (1) अंतत लक्ष्य काढूने  (2) दलावय पांढरुंग जोशी  (3) कृष्णाणी गोपाल कर्वे  (4) विनायक नारायण देशपांडे

   Who from the following was not hanged for Jackson’s murder?

   (1) Anant Lakshman Kanhere  (2) Dattatray Pandurang Joshi  (3) Krishnaji Gopal Karve  (4) Vinayak Narayan Deshpande
58. Whose description is given in the following statements?

(a) Vallabhbhai Patel had put forward his name for the Presidentship of Indian National Congress.

(b) He was a Congressman from United Province.

(c) He and Jawaharlal Nehru were personal friend.

**Answer options:**

(I) Pumshottamdas Tandon

(2) Purushottamdas Thakurdas

(3) Purushottamdas Bhagwanddas

(4) Purushottamdas Tricumdas

---

59. Who from the following leaders had formed the Six-Nation Five Continent Initiative?

(1) Rajiv Gandhi

(2) Indira Gandhi

(3) Gorbachev

(4) Nelson Mandela

---

क्षेत्र कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
60. 1966 मध्ये जंका ईदिया गांधी पंतप्रधान झाल्या तेंत्या संयुक्त संस्थान आणि पश्चिमात्त्व देशांतील संघबंध सुधारणाची व्याप्ती हसरत होती. त्याची असेच अस्तित्वाची कारणे कोणती होती?
   (a) संयुक्त संस्थानांतील चीनवाद दहशतवादाची चांगलीच कल्पना होती.
   (b) जर चीनने पुन्हा हल्ला केला तर संयुक्त संस्थानांनी मदत करण्याचे आवश्यक दिले होते.
   (c) अतीव दुष्टीमुळे अन्याची खुप कमकल्पना भासत होती.
   (d) 1962 आणि 1965 या दोन युद्धांचा एकत्रित परिणाममुळे अर्धभारती संघीय झाली होती व मदतीचे आवश्यक असे होती.
   
   पर्यायी उत्तरे:
   (1) (a), (b), (c) मान्य (2) (a), (b), (d) मान्य
   (3) (b), (c), (d) मान्य (4) (a), (b), (c) आणि (d) मान्य
   
   When Indira Gandhi became Prime Minister in 1966, she felt that relations with the US and the West needed to be improved. What were the reasons for the improvement according to her?
   (a) US had better idea of Chinese Militancy.
   (b) US had promised help if China attacked again.
   (c) There was grave food shortage caused by excessive rainfall.
   (d) The Critical economic situation caused by the cumulative effect of two wars in 1962 and 1965 necessitated such help.

   Answer options:
   (1) (a), (b), (c) only (2) (a), (b), (d) only
   (3) (b), (c), (d) only (4) (a), (b), (c) and (d)

61. खालीलप्राप्त कोणते शहर महाराष्ट्राची सांस्कृतिक राजधानी म्हणून ओळखले जाते?
   (1) पुणे (2) कोल्हापूर (3) पुणे (4) नागपूर
   Which of the following city is Known as Cultural Capital of Maharashtra ?
   (1) Mumbai (2) Kolhapur (3) Poona (4) Nagpur

62. खालीलप्राप्त पवन ऊर्जा केंद्रांची कोणती जोडी शोधावर आहे?
   (1) पवन-पारस (2) जामखंडे-कोयना
   (3) जामखंडे-चाळक्षेवाडी (4) चाळक्षेवाडी-दहानु
   Which of the following pair of wind energy centres is correct?
   (1) Pavana - Paras (2) Jamsande - Koyna
   (3) Jarnsande - Chalkewadi (4) Chalkewadi - Dahanu

काही कामासाठी जगा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
63. **Match the following:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column - I</th>
<th>Column - II</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(River)</td>
<td>(Dam)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Arunavati</td>
<td>(i) Purnepada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Bori</td>
<td>(ii) Borkund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Kan</td>
<td>(iii) Karvand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Kanoli</td>
<td>(iv) Malangav</td>
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</tbody>
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**Answer options:**

<table>
<thead>
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**संख्या कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**

P.T.O.
64. The following is the list of important peaks in Maharashtra. Which of the following ascending order i.e (lower to higher height) is correct?

(1) Salher, Saptashringi, Trambakeshwar, Kalsubai
(2) Trambakeshwar, Saptashringi, Salher, Kalsubai
(3) Kalsubai, Saptashringi, Salher, Trambakeshwar
(4) Saptashringi, Salher, Kalsubai, Trambakeshwar

65. In Konkan Railway, Kharepatan Station is in which of the following district?

(1) Raigad
(2) Sindhudurg
(3) Ratnagiri
(4) Thane

66. Which of the following is metamorphic rock?

(1) Shale
(2) Basalt
(3) Marble
(4) Sandstone

67. Which of the following river basin is the largest basin in Maharashtra?

(1) Godavari basin
(2) Bhima basin
(3) Krishna basin
(4) Tapi-Purna basin
68. जोड़ा लावा:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>स्तंभ - I</th>
<th>स्तंभ - II</th>
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<tr>
<td>(जिल्हे)</td>
<td>(अभ्यारण्य)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(a) गडचिरोली</td>
<td>(i) फणसाड</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) चंदनपुर</td>
<td>(ii) सागरेश्वर</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) रायगाड</td>
<td>(iii) चपराल</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) संगली</td>
<td>(iv) अंधारी</td>
</tr>
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पर्यायी उत्तरे:

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<td>(iv)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Match the following:

**Column - I**
(Districts)
(a) Gadchiroli
(b) Chandrapur
(c) Raigad
(d) Sangli

**Column - II**
(Wildlife Sanctuary)
(i) Phansad
(ii) Sagarreshwar
(iii) Chaprala
(iv) Andhari

**Answer options:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a)</th>
<th>(b)</th>
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</table>

69. खालीलपैकी कोणी भूमिपूर्ण चक्राशी संकल्पना मांडली?

(1) आल्फ्रेड वेगनर  
(2) रिचर्ड हार्टशोन
(3) कार्ल रिटर  
(4) डेवी. डिविस

Who amongst the following developed the concept of cycle of erosion?

(1) Alfred Wegnner  
(2) Richard Heartshone
(3) Karl Ritter  
(4) W.M. Devis

कच्च्या कार्यासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
70. Lotemal industrial estate is located in which of the following talukas of Ratnagiri district?

(1) Lanja  (2) Chiplun  (3) Khed  (4) Dapoli

71. Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>संख्या - I</th>
<th>संख्या - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>तूर्निच ठिकान</td>
<td>प्रसिद्ध</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Saputara</td>
<td>(i) शिल्क साड़ा</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Nandur - Madhameshwar</td>
<td>(ii) बंड हवेचे ठिकान</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Yawale</td>
<td>(iii) सप्तश्रीगी</td>
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<tr>
<td>(d) Vani</td>
<td>(iv) फ्लेमिंगो</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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पर्यायी उत्तरे:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
(2) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
(3) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
(4) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
72. **Jodastra Lagna:**

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<tr>
<th>स्तंभ - I</th>
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<td>(तल्ली)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(a) बांदलसागर</td>
<td>(i) बुळडाणा</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) रामसागर</td>
<td>(ii) भंडारा</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) लोणार</td>
<td>(iii) सातारा</td>
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<tr>
<td>(d) शिवसागर</td>
<td>(iv) नागपूर</td>
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Match the following:

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<td>(Lakes)</td>
<td>(Districts)</td>
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<td>(a) Bandalsagar</td>
<td>(i) Buldhana</td>
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<td>(b) Ramsagar</td>
<td>(ii) Bhandara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Lonar</td>
<td>(iii) Satara</td>
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<tr>
<td>(d) Shivsagar</td>
<td>(iv) Nagpur</td>
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</tbody>
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**Answer options:**

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<td>(4)</td>
<td>(iii)</td>
<td>(iv)</td>
<td>(ii)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

73. **Mahaajaschh Chi Kinaraphit** ______________ महागात्री ची किनाराच्या स्थिती ______________ पहणून ओळखण्याची जाते.

(1) कारवार किनारा (2) मलबार किनारा (3) कोकण किनारा (4) उत्कल किनारा

Coastal region of Maharashtra is known as __________ coast.

(1) Karwar coast (2) Malbar coast (3) Konkan coast (4) Utkal coast

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
74. As per 2011 censes which of the following district had the highest percentage of rural population?

(1) Sindhudurg (2) Hingoli (3) Gadchiroli (4) Nandurbar

As per 2011 censes which of the following district had the highest percentage of rural population?

(1) Sindhudurg (2) Hingoli (3) Gadchiroli (4) Nandurbar

75. Match the following:

स्तंभ - I (जिल्हे) स्तंभ - II (धारधवे)

(a) सातारा (i) रंधा
(b) अहमदनगर (ii) चिंचोली
(c) ठाणे (iii) आंबोली
(d) सिंधुदुर्ग (iv) लिंगमाळा

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
(2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
(3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
(4) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)

Match the following:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column - I (Districts)</th>
<th>Column - II (Waterfalls)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Satara</td>
<td>(i) Randha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Ahmednagar</td>
<td>(ii) Chincholi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Thane</td>
<td>(iii) Amboli</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Sindhudurg</td>
<td>(iv) Lingmala</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)
(2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
(3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
(4) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
76. Pali, headquarter of Sudhagad District is located on the bank of which of the following river?

(a) Amba  (b) Savitri  (c) Ulhas  (d) Bhogavati

77. Following erosion features of environmental agent. Give proper sequence or match it:

(a) Sea waves  (i) Inselburg
(b) Glaciers  (ii) ‘V’ shaped valley
(c) River  (iii) Stack
(d) Wind  (iv) ‘U’ shaped valley

(a)  (b)  (c)  (d)
(1) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
(2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
(3) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
(4) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)

78. Dharamtar creek is in the mouth of which of the following river?

(a) Ulhas  (b) Amba  (c) Kundalika  (d) Savitri
79. In Mumbai warships are constructed in which of the following docks?

(1) Indira dock  (2) Sasoon dock  (3) Mazgaon dock  (4) Princes dock

80. Flemingo (Rohit) birds are found in which of the following ghat?

(1) Thalghat  (2) Borghat  (3) Malshej ghat  (4) Khambatki ghat

81. Which of the following place in Maharashtra gets highest rainfall?

(1) Mahabaleshwar  (2) Matheran  (3) Lonavala  (4) Amboli

82. Which of the following statement/statements about El Nino is/are correct?

(a) It is warm water current  (b) It appears on Peru coast in June
(c) Surface water temperature goes up in Pacific  (d) India receives deficient rain

Answer options:

(1) Only (a) and (b) are correct  (2) Only (b) is correct
(3) Only (a), (c) and (d) are correct  (4) All are correct
83. जोड़का लेखा:

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<td>(तालुका)</td>
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<td>(i) मोखाडे</td>
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<td>(b) सूर्यमाल</td>
<td>(ii) भिवंडी</td>
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<tr>
<td>(c) गणेश मंदिर</td>
<td>(iii) अंबरनाथ</td>
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<tr>
<td>(d) अंबरेश्वर मंदिर</td>
<td>(iv) टितवाळा</td>
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पर्यायी उत्तरे:

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Match the following:

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<td>(i) मोखाडे</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) सूर्यमाल</td>
<td>(ii) भिवंडी</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) गणेश मंदिर</td>
<td>(iii) अंबरनाथ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) अंबरेश्वर मंदिर</td>
<td>(iv) टितवाळा</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a)</th>
<th>(b)</th>
<th>(c)</th>
<th>(d)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(iv)</td>
<td>(iii)</td>
<td>(ii)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(i)</td>
<td>(ii)</td>
<td>(iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>(ii)</td>
<td>(i)</td>
<td>(iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>(ii)</td>
<td>(iii)</td>
<td>(iv)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
84. खालीलप्रमुख कोणते उदाहरण/उदाहरणे खच दरिचे आहे/आहेत?
   (a) पूर्व आफ्रिकेची दरी आणि चाइनची दरी
   (b) नरम्दा आणि नापॅची दरी
   (c) गंगा आणि यमुनेची दरी
   (d) ब्रह्मपुत्रची दरी

पयःऱ्ळी उत्तरे:
(1) फक्त (a)          (2) फक्त (b)
(3) फक्त (a) आणि (b)   (4) फक्त (d)

Which of the following is/are example/s of rift valley?
(a) East African Valley and Rhine Valley
(b) Narmada and Tapi Valley
(c) Ganga and Yamuna Valley
(d) Brahmaputra Valley

Answer options:
(1) Only (a)            (2) Only (b)
(3) Only (a) and (b)    (4) Only (d)

85. खालीलप्रमुख कोणत्या वर्षी वन्यजीवन संरक्षण कायदा संस्थापित करण्यात आलेला?
(1) सप्टेंबर १९७२          (2) सप्टेंबर १९२७
(3) सप्टेंबर १९७८          (4) सप्टेंबर १९८७

In which of the following year Wildlife Protection Act was passed?
(1) September 1972         (2) September 1927
(3) September 1978         (4) September 1987

86. तोरणमाल हे घंड हवेचे तिकाण खालीलप्रमुख कोणत्या जिल्ह्यात आहे?
(1) भुऱ्ये          (2) जलगाव          (3) नंदूरबार          (4) नाशिक

Toranmal Hill station is in which of the following district?
(1) Dhule          (2) Jalgaon          (3) Nandurbar          (4) Nasik

काच्या कामासाठी जगा

/SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
87. Which of the following pair of districts and hill station is/are correct?

- (a) Thane - Jawhar
- (b) Amravati - Toranmal
- (c) Aurangabad - Mhaismal
- (d) Kolhapur - Amboli

**Answer options:**
1. (a), (b) and (d) are correct
2. (a), (b) and (c) are correct
3. (a) and (c) are correct
4. (b) and (d) are correct

88. Which of the following agent of erosion form Cirque?

- (1) River
- (2) Glacier
- (3) Wind
- (4) Sea waves

89. Which of the following mineral is used to produce high quality steel?

- (1) Bauxite
- (2) Manganese
- (3) Copper
- (4) Gold
90. जोड़ो लिखित प्रश्नों का उत्तर दें:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>संख्या - I (घाट)</th>
<th>संख्या - II (मार्ग)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) खबाटकी</td>
<td>(i) कोल्हापूर-रत्नागिरी</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) अंबा</td>
<td>(ii) कराड-चिप्पून</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) अंबोली</td>
<td>(iii) पुणे-सातारा</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) कुंभारली</td>
<td>(iv) सावंतवाड-बेलगांव</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

पद्धति उत्तरों :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
(2) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
(3) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
(4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)

Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column - I (Ghats)</th>
<th>Column - II (Rout)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Khabatki</td>
<td>(i) Kolhapur-Ratnagiri</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Amba</td>
<td>(ii) Karhad - Chipoln</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Amboli</td>
<td>(iii) Pune-Satara</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Kumbharli</td>
<td>(iv) Sawantwadi - Belgaum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (iv) (ii) (iii) (i)
(2) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
(3) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
(4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)

91. महाराष्ट्रात खालीलप्रमाणे कोणत्या वर्षात जलविभाजक विकास कार्यक्रम सुरू करण्यात आले?

(1) 1953  (2) 1963  (3) 1973  (4) 1983

In which of the following year Comprehensive Watershed Development Programme started in Maharashtra?

(1) 1953  (2) 1963  (3) 1973  (4) 1983

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
Which of the following statement regarding type of rainfall Maharashtra Konkan region is correct?

(a) Konkan gets Orographic and Convectional rain

(b) Konkan gets Orographic rain

(c) Konkan gets Cyclonic and Convectional rain

(d) Konkan gets Cyclonic rain

Answer options:

(1) Only (a) is correct
(2) Only (b) is correct
(3) Only (c) and (d) is correct
(4) Only (a) and (d) is correct
93. \scalebox{0.8}{जोड़ा लागा:}

\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline
\textbf{स्तंभ - I} & \textbf{स्तंभ - II} \\
\hline
( कृषि विभाग ) & ( प्रमुख पिके ) \\
\hline
(a) किनारवार्ती कोंकण & (i) कांपूस व तेलबिया \\
(b) भिमा खंभे- उम्मानाबादचे पठार & (ii) उस व दुधव्यवसाय \\
(c) कृष्णा खंभे & (iii) भात व नारळ \\
(d) तापीचे खंभे & (iv) बाजरी व तेलबिया \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
(2) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
(3) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)

Match the following:

\begin{tabular}{|l|l|}
\hline
\textbf{Column - I} & \textbf{Column - II} \\
\hline
(Agro regions) & (Major crops) \\
\hline
(a) Coastal Konkan & (i) Cotton and Oilseeds \\
(b) Bhima basin-Usmanabad Plateau & (ii) Sugarcane and dairy \\
(c) Krishna basin & (iii) Rice and coconut \\
(d) Tapi basin & (iv) Bajra and oilseeds \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
(2) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
(3) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
(4) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)

काहे कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
94. According to Census of India which of the following settlement is considered as Urban?

(a) If there is Corporation/Municipality.
(b) Population above 5,000
(c) 50 percent population is working in non-agricultural activities
(d) Density of population more than 400 persons per sq.km.

Answer options:
1. (a), (b) and (c), (2) (b), (c) and (d), (3) (a), (b) and (d), (4) All the above

95. Which of the following Food Chain is correct?

(1) Grass → Grass hopper → Hawk → Snake
(2) Grass hopper → Grass → Snake → Hawk
(3) Grass → Grass hopper → Snake → Hawk
(4) Hawk → Snake → Grass hopper → Grass
96. Which of the following statement is/are correct?

(a) The advancement and retreat of monsoon is dependent on the seasonal shifting of the Intertropical Convergence Zone.

(b) The Westerly Jet streams blowing at an altitude of 3 k.m. from the surface in Western Asia affect the monsoon.

Answer options:
(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)  (3) (a) and (b)  (4) None of the above

97. Which of the following is/are advantage of Agrow forestry?

(a) To ensure better land use

(b) To generate employment

(c) To manage agricultural land only with family members

(d) To conserve soil moisture

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b)  (2) (b) and (c)  (3) Only (c)  (4) (a), (b) and (d)
The areas with advanced irrigation facilities, reclamation of waste land, intensification of agriculture and demand for agricultural labourers attract rural people from backward rural areas that are overpopulated and experiencing acute unemployment. Such migration is known as ________ type of migration.

(1) Urban to Urban  (2) Rural to Rural  
(3) Rural to Urban  (4) Urban to Rural

Which of the following characteristics of the dispersed settlement is/are correct?

(a) Limited population  
(b) Availability of Social Services  
(c) Pollution free environment  
(d) No daily Commuting

Answer options:

(1) (a) and (b) correct  (2) (b) and (c) correct  
(3) (a), (c) and (d) correct  (4) (b) and (d) correct
100. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

(a) The highest density of wells in Maharashtra is in the districts of Sangli and Solapur, while the least density is found in the Konkan and Nagpur divisions.

(b) The percentage of Tank irrigation in Maharashtra is 15% and the water supply in most of Vidarbha districts from tanks is 60%.

Answer options:

(1) Only (a)  (2) Only (b)
(3) (a) and (b)  (4) None the above

101. The break of 1 or 2 weeks during the monsoon season is called as ‘Monsoon Break’. Which of the following is the correct reason for it?

(a) Failure in the development of Tropical Cyclones. Which bring rain

(b) The location of the monsoon trough in North India.

Answer options:

(1) (a) only  (2) (b) only
(3) Both (a) and (b)  (4) None of the above
102. Which of the following district has the lowest number of talukas in Maharashtra?

(1) Sindhudurg  (2) Raigad  (3) Dhule  (4) Nandurbar

Which of the following district has the lowest number of talukas in Maharashtra?

(1) Sindhudurg  (2) Raigad  (3) Dhule  (4) Nandurbar

103. Which of the following are correct about Eco system?

(a) An Eco system represents the sum of all living organisms and physical environment.
(b) Eco system occupies certain well defined area on the earth.
(c) Solar energy is the most significant source of energy.
(d) Three basic components of eco system include, energy, biotic and abiotic.

Answer options:

(1) Only (c) and (d) are correct  (2) Only (a), (c) and (d) are correct
(3) Only (b), (c) and (d) are correct  (4) All are correct
104. जोड़ा लाईः :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>स्तंभ - I</th>
<th>स्तंभ - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(तत्त्व)</td>
<td>(धरणेय)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) अरुणावती</td>
<td>(i) पुर्मेपाडा</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) कान</td>
<td>(ii) कारवंद</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) कनोली</td>
<td>(iii) मलंगाव</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) बोरी</td>
<td>(iv) बोरकुंड</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

पयांबी उत्तरेः :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a) (b) (c) (d)</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>(2) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(4) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Match the following :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column - I</th>
<th>Column - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Rivers)</td>
<td>(Dams)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Arunavati</td>
<td>(i) Purmepada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Kan</td>
<td>(ii) Karvand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Kanoli</td>
<td>(iii) Malangao</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Bori</td>
<td>(iv) Borkund</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(a) (b) (c) (d)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(4) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
105. **Join the table:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>संभ - I</th>
<th>संभ - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(स्थानिक बारे)</td>
<td>(प्रदेश)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) झाँसी जंग</td>
<td>(i) द. आफ्रिका</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) निर्राको</td>
<td>(ii) कैलिफोर्निया</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) वांत</td>
<td>(iii) दक्षिण-पूर्व ऑस्ट्रेलिया</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) ब्रिक फायफर</td>
<td>(iv) द. आफ्रिका</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

पर्यायी उत्तरे :

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
(2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
(4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)

Match the following :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column - I</th>
<th>Column - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Local Wind)</td>
<td>(Region)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Santa Ana</td>
<td>(i) S. Africa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Sirocca</td>
<td>(ii) California</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Berg</td>
<td>(iii) S.E. Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Brick fielder</td>
<td>(iv) N. Africa</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options :

(a) (b) (c) (d)
(1) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
(2) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
(4) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)

106. तीन हजार मीटर ऊंची पर्वत ज्या पायथाया तापमान जर 30° से. असेल तर ज्या माध्याकर तापमान किती असेल?

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) 15°C</td>
<td>(2) -10.5°C</td>
<td>(3) 10.5°C</td>
<td>(4) -15°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A mountain is 3,000 m high. If the temperature at its bottom is 30°C, what will be temperature at its top?

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1) 15°C</td>
<td>(2) -10.5°C</td>
<td>(3) 10.5°C</td>
<td>(4) -15°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

कोशिका कामासाठी जाणा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
107. Major part of which of the following districts fall in the group of drought prone Rabi and Kharif crop agro-climatic region of Maharashtra?

(a) Ahemadnagar, Solapur, Sangli
(b) Ahemadnagar, Bhandara, Gadchiroli
(c) Solapur, Kolhapur, Sangli
(d) Amravati, Beed, Akola

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) Only (a) (4) Only (d)

108. Which of the following statements must be included in EIA (Environment Impact Assessment)?

(a) Presentation of Environment conditions before the project plan implementation.
(b) Presentation of alternative projects.
(c) Statements on unavoidable adverse effects.
(d) Evaluation of cost-benefit to the society.

Answer options:
(1) Only (a), (c), (d) (2) Only (b), (c), (d) (3) Only (a), (b), (c) (4) All the above
109. Which of the following district in Maharashtra has density of population above 800 persons per square km.?

(1) Pune  (2) Kolhapur  (3) Thane  (4) Nagpur

110. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

(a) Environment Protection Act  (i) 1998
(b) Scheme of Labelling Environment Friendly Products  (ii) 1986
(c) Biomedical Waste Management  (iii) 1999
(d) Recycled Plastics Manufacture and, Usage Rules  (iv) 1991

Match the following:

 Column - I                          Column - II

(Environement Legislations) (Year)
(a) Environment Protection Act    (i) 1998
(b) Scheme of Labelling Environment Friendly Products  (ii) 1986
(c) Biomedical Waste Management   (iii) 1999
(d) Recycled Plastics Manufacture and, Usage Rules  (iv) 1991

Answer options:

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(1) (i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
(2) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
(3) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
(4) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
111. Which of the following period is known as the period of stagnant population of India?

(1) 1901 - 1921 (2) 1921 - 1951 (3) 1951 - 1981 (4) 1981 - 2011

112. Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column - I</th>
<th>Column - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environment Legislations</td>
<td>Year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) The Municipal Solid Waste Management Rules</td>
<td>(i) 1988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) National Forest Policy</td>
<td>(ii) 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Biological diversity Act</td>
<td>(iii) 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Environment (Protection) Act</td>
<td>(iv) 1986</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options:

(1) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
(2) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
(3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
(4) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)
113. Which of the following districts some part fall in the group of Rain shadow black and gray soil agro-climatic region?

(a) Satara, Kolhapur, Solapur
(b) Satara, Kolhapur, Pune
(c) Kolhapur, Dhule, Jalgaon
(d) Beed, Dhule, Buldhana

Answer options:
(1) (a) and (b) (2) (b) and (c) (3) Only (b) (4) (a), (b), and (d)

114. Dhule is located on the which of the following National Highway?

(1) NH1 (2) NH3 (3) NH7 (4) NH10

Answer options:
(1) NH1 (2) NH3 (3) NH7 (4) NH10

115. Which of the following properties of water are correct?

(a) Water is found in all three forms solid, liquid and gaseous on the earth.
(b) It has ability to dissolve in almost all substances.
(c) It has the ability to store heat.
(d) It helps in the circulation of elements in the Biosphere.

Answer options:
(1) Only (a) and (b) (2) Only (b) and (c) (3) Only (b), (c) and (d) (4) All the above
116. BBF is one of the most efficient land management practices evolved by __________.

(1) CRIDA (2) ICRISAT (3) ICAR (4) IARI

117. Optimum temperature for egg production are in the range of __________ °C to __________ °C.

(1) 10 to 16°C (2) 8 to 12°C (3) 12 to 16°C (4) 9 to 12°C

118. Agronomic measures can control soil erosion when the soil slope is __________ percent.

(1) less than 2 (2) more than 2 (3) 6 to 10 (4) none of the above

119. How much minimum wind speed is required for winnowing operation?

(1) 15 km/hr (2) 20 km/hr (3) 25 km/hr (4) 10 km/hr

120. The area covered by a rotating head sprinkler can be estimated from following formula:

(1) \( R = \frac{Q}{360 \times A} \) (2) \( R = 1.35 \sqrt{d} \text{h} \)

(3) \( Q = CA \sqrt{2gh} \) (4) \( Q = \frac{S_1 \times SM \times I}{360} \)
121. Choose the correct group of abiotic components that helps in the formation of soil:

1. Rain, Temperature, Fauna and Chemicals
2. Acid rain, Temperature, Flora and Animals
3. Rains, Temperature, Variation and acid rains
4. Animals, insects, Bacteria and microorganism

Total depth of water required for crop during its duration in field is:

1. Delta (Δ)
2. Duty
3. Moisture equivalent
4. Irrigation equivalent

122. The soils with pH less than 6.5 are called as __________ soils.

1. Acidic
2. Alkaline
3. Neutral
4. All of these
125. In sandy soil water use efficiency is increased by ________ times with sprinkler irrigation compared to flood irrigation.

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>4 - 5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3 - 4</td>
<td>3</td>
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126. Farm ponds of size 100 to 300 m³ may be dug to store ________ of runoff.

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>10 percent</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>20 percent</td>
<td>3</td>
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127. Light intensity at which the rate of photosynthesis is just equal to meet respiration requirements is called as:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Compensation point</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Photosynthesis point</td>
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128. The highest yield and water use efficiency is possible only through ________.

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Levels of soil moisture regime</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Optimum plant population</td>
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कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
129. खालील विधानानुसार बरोबर उत्तर द्यावा:
(a) धूमकेती मात्रामध्ये पाणी आणि हवा हालवाल रेखली जाते.
(b) धूमकेती मात्रामध्ये पाणी धारण क्षमता अधिक असते.
प्रश्नांमध्ये उत्तरे:
(1) (a) बरोबर आहे (2) (b) बरोबर आहे
(3) दोन्ही (a) व (b) बरोबर आहेत (4) कोणतेही विधान नाही
Choose the correct answer from the following:
(a) In clay soil water and air movement is restricted
(b) Water holding capacity of clay soil is high
Answer options:
(1) (a) is correct (2) (b) is correct
(3) Both (a) and (b) are correct (4) None is correct

130. भारत भिक्षातून पैदाकर्षण नमूने स्थापित करणारे निघे हिरवे शेताच्या कुठे कोणते?
(1) सायरामास्वामी (2) अंजनेश्वर
(3) कल्पनाकार (4) बरोबर में सेवक पोशाख नाही.
The genera of blue green algae, that fixes atmospheric nitrogen in rice is:
(1) Cyanophyta (2) Anabaena
(3) Chlorophyta (4) None of the above

131. भारताच्या एकुण वार्षिक पर्यावरणाच्या किंमत प्रतिसम पाणी जमिनीत पुरते?
(1) 7.51 तरकें (2) 8.56 तरकें (3) 9.52 तरकें (4) 1.00 तरकें
What is percent of the ground water recharge from the total amount of rainfall in India?
(1) 7.51 percent (2) 8.56 per cent (3) 9.52 percent (4) 1.00 percent

132. हा विज्ञान कंपनी तंत्रज्ञाने कोणते रसायन वापरणार दाखल?
(1) सोडियम अक्साइड (2) कार्बन डाय ऑक्साइड
(3) सिल्क्स नायट्रेट (4) सिल्क्स आयोडाइड
Which chemical is used in cloud seeding technique?
(1) Sodium oxide (2) Carbon dioxide
(3) Silver nitrate (4) Silver iodide

133. नाचणी/नागणी विक्रेत्या अध्येयापासून जिंतीमध्ये ________ किलों ता/हेक्टेड भाजल जातो.
(1) 25 (2) 43 (3) 34 (4) यापैकी नाही
Finger millet crop residues add ________ kgN/ha in soil.
(1) 25 (2) 43 (3) 34 (4) None of these

कविता कामगारी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.
134. तेंबा तापमान __________ __________ या दरमयान असते तेंबा जास्तीत जास्त कोरक्षण (शुष्क) पदार्थांचे उपयोग होते.

(1) 15 ते 20°से. (2) 20 ते 30°से. (3) 18 ते 24°से. (4) 22 ते 30°से.

The maximum production of dry matter occurs when the temperature ranges from __________ __________.

(1) 15 to 20°C (2) 20 to 30°C (3) 18 to 24°C (4) 22 to 30°C

135. तुळ्यांचा पद्धती विवेचन: कोणत्या जॉनियॉर टायर योग्य आहे?

(1) रेताड जमीन (2) चिक्रण मातीची जमीन
(3) सेंदराय जमीन (4) पोटाशाची जमीन

Sprinkler irrigation system is particularly suited for which soil?

(1) Sandy soil (2) Clayey soil
(3) Organic soil (4) Silt soil

136. आमोनियाचे रूपांतर नापटेल रुपांतर होणार या मूलकजैव प्रक्रमात्मक __________ असे म्हणतात.

(1) नृत्रीकरण (2) नृत्र स्थरीकरण
(3) आमोनियायकरण (4) खनिजोत्सरकरण

The microbial process in which ammonia is converted into Nitrate is known as __________.

(1) Nitrification (2) Nitrogen fixation
(3) Ammonification (4) Mineralisation

137. क्वार्ट्सी क्लास पादारपणे __________ म्हणतात.

(1) काळी जमीन (2) तांबडी जमीन (3) गाढ्याची जमीन (4) सेंदराय जमीन

Vertisols are commonly called as __________.

(1) Black soils (2) Red soils (3) Alluvial soils (4) Organic soils

138. कोष्ठक खाणीमधून बाहेर पदार्थाना आमल्युक्लड राकाच द्रव्यांमध्ये __________ हा आत्यंत चालक प्रमुख होय, जो पाणी जड होण्यास कारणोबूं सर्वत्री.

(1) हायप्रोटोकॉलिक अंसिड (2) सल्फ्यूशिक अंसिड
(3) नापट्टीस्क अंसिड (4) बरोल्याची एकही नाही.

________ acid waste from coal mines is a serious pollutant that increases the hardness of water.

(1) HCl (2) H₂SO₄
(3) HNO₃ (4) None of these

कक्ष्यासाठी जाणा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
139. ज्या डिकाणी मालूम (जमीनीत) सुदृढ्यकृत्तेच्या पाणी दिरून नाही आणि माळी चिकणामाती प्रकाराती असते त्या डिकाणी नरस (कमी) उतारत्याचे जमीनी उद्य. 8 टक्क्यापेक्षा कमी उतार जास्त पर्यायामय (800 मिल.भू. पेक्षा जास्त) त्या डिकाणी __________ याची शिकारी करण्यात येते.
(1) समपातकाच्या बांधवंदीती (2) बेंच खाशवे
(3) ढाळीच्या बांध (4) ढाळीच्या खाशवे
_______ are recommended on mildly slopy lands ie-less than 8 percent and high rainfall
(more than 800 mm) where soils are relatively impermeable and clayey nature.
(1) Contour bunding (2) Bench terraces
(3) Graded bunds (4) Graded trenches

140. जमीनीमध्ये रेती, पॉटटा व चिकणामातीच्या सापेक्ष टक्क्यापेक्षा _________ म्हणतात.
(1) मृदुच्च संचन (2) जमीनीचा पोत (3) जमीनीच्या संचिद्रता (4) माळीची घनता
Relative percentage of sand, silt and clay in a soil is known as _________.
(1) Soil structure (2) Soil texture (3) Soil porosity (4) Soil density

141. पाण्याचे शेताचे लिमा _________ या नावाने ओळखतात.
(1) भूमी विभाजक (2) संचन विभाजक
(3) निवारा विभाजक (4) क्षेत्र विभाजक
The boundaries of a watershed are known as a :
(1) Land divide (2) Irrigation divide
(3) Drainage divide (4) Area divide

142. जंगलातील झाडांच्या रोपांचे भरणाचे कारण म्हणजे -
(1) प्रकाशाची तीव्रता कमी होणे
(2) तेजर्वो प्रकाशाने तुकसान होणे
(3) अवश्यंबाजी मुद्द्यांमध्ये स्पष्टा असणे
(4) वर्तमान पैकी एकही नाही.
Death of tree seedlings in forest is due to _________.
(1) Reduced light intensities (2) Injure by bright sun light
(3) Competition in roots for nutrients (4) None of the above
143. IWMI म्हणजे:
(1) आंतरराष्ट्रीय हवामान व्यवस्थापन संस्था
(2) आंतरराष्ट्रीय लग्न व्यवस्थापन संस्था
(3) आंतरराष्ट्रीय पाणी व्यवस्थापन संस्था
(4) आंतरराष्ट्रीय वन्य जीव व्यवस्थापन संस्था
IWMI means:
(1) International Weather Management Institute
(2) International Weed Management Institute
(3) International Water Management Institute
(4) International Wildlife Management Institutes

144. भारतात मूळ संधारण संस्थानाची सुरुवात 1923 साली येथे कोरडवाहू सेटी योजनेच्या स्थापना होऊन झाली.
(1) मांजरी, पूणे (महाराष्ट्र) (2) धारवाड (कर्नाटक)
(3) गुंटूर (अंध्र प्रदेश) (4) पंतनगर (उत्तराखंड)
Soil Conservation Research in India started as early as 1923 with the establishment of Dry farming scheme of ________.
(1) Manjari, Pune (Maharashtra) (2) Dharwad (Karnataka)
(3) Guntur (Andhra Pradesh) (4) Pantnager (Uttarakhand)

145. सिंचार आयोजने 1972 मध्ये अंदाजे केलेल्या एकूण भूमध्यांतरीण पाणी प्रवाह ________ ha होय.
(1) 40.00 दरेक्ष्य हेक्टर मीटर (2) 67.00 दरेक्ष्य हेक्टर मीटर
(3) 45.00 दरेक्ष्य हेक्टर मीटर (4) 65.00 दरेक्ष्य हेक्टर मीटर
The irrigation commission (1972) estimated total amount of regenerated ground water flow of ________.
(1) 40.00 M. ha m. (2) 67.00 M. ha m.
(3) 45.00 M. ha m. (4) 65.00 M. ha m.

146. उष्ण व गैरउष्ण तरागळ्याचे वेगवेगळ्या करण्यासाठी कसाचा उपयोग होतो?
(1) तरागळमध्ये गायटी (2) प्रिंकोणाशी लेल्क (प्रिझम)
(3) डायक्रोइड प्रेंटिंग (दिवयों जालक) (4) प्रिझम व डायक्रोइड प्रेंटिंग (दिवयों जालक)
Which is used to separate thermal and non-thermal wavelengths?
(1) Wavelength filter (2) Prism
(3) Dichroic grating (4) Prism and dichroic grating

कङ्कण कायमासाठी जाणा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
147. खालील प्रकार कायकोणा डेटा रास्टर डेटा स्वरूपता नाही?
(1) .जी.एम.पी. (2) .जी.आय.एफ. (3) .टी.आय.एफ.एफ. (4) .एस.एच.पी.
Which of the following data is not Raster data format?
(1) .BMP (2) .GIF (3) .TIFF (4) .SHP

148. विषुवत धुकनायचे वर्णक्रमावर दुर्घटना तरंगलंब प्रक्षेत्र खालीलप्रकार कोणते आहे?
(1) 0.4 μm ते 0.7 μm (2) 3 Å ते 0.3 μm
(3) 0.3 μm ते 0.3 cm (4) 3 cm ते 3 km
Which is the visible wavelength region of Electromagnetic Spectrum?
(1) 0.4 μm to 0.7 μm (2) 3 Å to 0.3 μm
(3) 0.3 μm to 0.3 cm (4) 3 cm to 3 km

149. कोणत्या तारखेत कार्टोसेट 2E हा उपग्रह लाँच ह्याला?
(1) 27 जानेवारी 2017 (2) 23 जून 2017
(3) 15 फेब्रुवारी 2017 (4) 14 एप्रिल 2017
On which date satellite Cartosat 2E have been launched?
(1) 27th January 2017 (2) 23rd June 2017
(3) 15th February 2017 (4) 14th April 2017

150. पारश खडकावर होणारा विरंजक परिणाम व वनस्पती वन्यपशु विवादात उल्लेख येथे वर्णक्रमावर रूपांतरीत
खडक हे अवकाशित छायाचित्रात कोणत्या माध्यमातून बदललेले दिसतात?
(1) छायाचित्राची रंगदाट व पेट (2) खडकाचा रंग
(3) छायाचित्राची रंगदाट (4) छायाचित्राचा पेट
How hydrothermal alteration of rocks appear in aerial photographs due to bleaching
effect on wall rock and differences in vegetation density?
(1) Photographic tone and texture (2) Colour of rocks
(3) Photographic tone (4) Photographic texture

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कक्ष्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK P.T.O.
नमुना प्रश्न

प्रश्न क्रमांक 201. सातीश चान्द नव्द करण्यासाठी कोणी मूलत: प्रकल्प केले?

1. स्वामी दयानंद सरस्वती  
2. ईसार्थ विवाहार  
3. राजा राममोहन राय  
4. गोपालकृष्ण गौडे

(झा प्रश्नाचे योग्य उत्तर "(3) राजा राममोहन राय" असे आहे. त्यापासून या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर "(3)" होईल. यासाठी खालीलप्रमाणे प्रश्न क्र. 201 समग्रम उत्तर-क्रमांक "(3)" हे, ज्यावर पूर्णपणे वाचाव करून दाखविले आहे.)

प्र. क्र. 201. ① ② ③ ④

अशा गळतीले प्रश्न प्रस्तुतप्रस्तुतकेल्या प्रश्नातुसार हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्रसंघ निर्माणकर्त्या स्वतंत्रता पुन्निर्माणात ल्या ल्या प्रश्नसमस्तप्रमाणे संबंधित जवळपथ पूर्णपणे साधारणक दाखविले आहे. ह्याकारून स्मरणारी काही जागी फार्मेंट वापरले, पेसिल बरोबर चें आपण नये.